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The Wilmington Post

VOLUME XV. WILMINGTON, NORTH CAROLINA, SUNDAY, APRIL 9, 1882. Single Copies 5 Cents NUMBER 15.

WILMINGTON POST

Entered at the Postoffice at Wilmington, N. C., as Second Class Matter.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

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Fifty cents per line for the first insertion and twenty-five cents per line for each additional insertion.

All advertisements will be charged at the above rates, except on special contracts.

The subscription price to THE WILMINGTON POST is $2 00 per year; six months $1 00.

All communications on business must be addressed to THE WILMINGTON POST, Wilmington, N. C.

CARTERET NEWS.

BEAUFORT, N. C., April 6, 1882.

EDITOR POST:—The Nor. barque Guldbringa, Capt. G. B. Johannesen, is now lying at the depot wharf at Morehead City, having been floated off the reef on the 2d instant. Over one half of her cargo was discharged by lighters before she could be gotten off. She is a fine vessel of 900 tons burthen and hails from Arendal, Norway.

The tug Blanche from Wilmington, met with quite an accident on the 31st of March, which completely disabled her. She was engaged in raising a large anchor to run it astern of the barque and ran on it, knocking a hole in her bottom. She was discovered to be sinking very rapidly. She was at once started for a high shoal near the Bar, and they succeeded in getting her on it, The Baker wrecking tug Resolute went to her assistance on the 2nd inst. and pumped her out, towed her to the wharf, put a temporary patch upon her bottom and she will sail for your port with the schooner American Eagle in tow to-morrow.

The revenue cutter Colfax, Captain Gabrielson, rendered assistance to the Gulbringa, and the Captain speaks very highly of the officers and crew of the Colfax.

The Baker Wrecking Co. also rendered assistance to the barque, also the steam tug Laura.

The tug Confidence fouled with the Red Buoy on the bar when entering our harbor last week, and wound up the chain in her screw. She was towed to the dock by the Blanche and after many attempts was cleared by the efforts of Sam Hayes (not Sam Patch), who is considered a famous diver, minus a diving suit. Sam, we are informed, would blow equal to a whale when he would come up—we think we have the champion *bare back* diver, at least Sam thinks he is. We will *dive* him against any man in the state, so let us hear from Wilmington.

The elegant steam yacht Mischief of Philadelphia, Pa., owned by Henry Disston, Esq., of that city, the celebrated saw manufacturer, stopped at our port en route home from Florida. Capt. E. Mayo of Beaufort, brought her from Charleston, and we are pleased to say that the Captain of the Mischief spoke very highly of the seamanship and ability of Capt. Mayo in safely anchoring her in the roads at Smithville a few days since, thereby saving the yacht and lives of the crew. We are also pleased to state that Capt. Mayo jumped to the wheel and safely landed the Blanche on the shoal when she met with her accident. Carteret boys are hard to beat anyway. Ed is a good pilot, and don't you forget it."

Preparations will be made ere long for the influx of our summer residents, and we assure you that *none* would be more welcome than the Editor of the POST. Why not throw off the cares of city life and sojourn with us awhile, in our city by the sea, and rest and recuperate.

The Beaufort *Telephone*, under the able management of Messrs. Potter & Chadwick, is a live newspaper, is independent in politics, and has for its motto: "Unawed by influence, and unbribed by gain."

The work on the Beaufort and Newbern Canal is progressing slowly. Our people are anxiously awaiting the long promised harbor improvements to commence, and we must have Harbor Island Lighthouse re-established, our bar rebuoyed and range light at Fort Macon. These things are essential, and we cannot remain quiet until we have them. If you will help us out with your aid and influence we can get them. Can you inform us what has become of little John Shackelford? there are none now so poor to do him reverence and "Ally." Oh, where is he? Has he gone out "shooting" again, or is he getting ready to come down this way on a "fishing excursion?" Well, we will see what we shall see.

Yours, &c., QUID NUNC.

WOODEN SHOES.—Wooden shoes are worn in the west, and enough of them are sold to keep a large manufactory going at Green Bay. They are cut out of green basswood, smoked and dried like hams, and sold at thirty-five cents a pair.

To the Press of North Carolina.

The North Carolina Agricultural Society proposes to hold its annual fair in October next, as usual for the past ten years, and the undersigned has been elected secretary of the executive committee, and charged with the preparation of the premium lists and all other business arrangements connected with the Fair.

To the press of the state, the Society is under many and continuous obligations, both for its kindness in enabling its officers to communicate their plans and wishes to the public, and also for the uniform encouragement bestowed at all times upon its efforts toward developing the resources of the state and displaying its numerous products. No return for such services could be made beyond the thanks of the officers and managers of the Society, and such attentions as were possible at the annual fairs. I hope that the gentlemen of the press may not become weary in well-doing, but will continue to aid and assist the Society in all of its undertakings.

The general advance in agricultural improvement, the increased interest felt in the development of manufacturing industry, the use of labor-saving contrivances, and the attention paid to the education and elevation of our people, are indications of awakened intellectual and industrial activity, and it is the purpose of the Society to stimulate this activity and progress by collecting together the results into an annual exhibit.

I will therefore thank the members of the press of the state to mention in their journals, that the secretary is now engaged in the preparation of the premium list of the Exposition in October next, and that he solicits suggestions from all persons who feel an interest in the subject, especially in the arrangement of premiums for all industries or products of North Carolina likely to be represented. The Society hopes to embrace in this exhibit every interest of the state, whether belonging to agriculture, stock raising, mining, mechanics or manufacturing, and to so classify the premiums that all kinds of products shall be suitably considered.

All correspondence should be addressed to the secretary, at Raleigh, N. C.

The office of the Society is in the centre of the business part of Raleigh, in the immediate vicinity of the Yarborough House, Postoffice and Citizens' Bank, and the members of the press are respectfully invited to call at the secretary's office whenever they visit the Capitol. Any personal service I can do for them here will afford me pleasure, that I may thus acknowledge the obligations of the Society for past favors.

Very respectfully,
W. B. GULICK,
Sec'y N. C. Agr. Society.
Raleigh, April 3d, 1882.

CITY ITEMS.

PERSONAL.—The Rev. J. S. Black, of Erskine Presbyterian church, is in the city, the guest of the Rev. D. D. Dodge. We learn that he will fill the pulpit of the First Congregational church to morrow evening at 8 o'clock.

Interments during the week.—Oakdale 1; Bellevue none; Catholic Cemetery none; Pine Forest 4.

DEATHS DURING THE WEEK.—B D Morrell, 65 years, paraplegia; Laura A Davis, 2 years and 6 months disease unknown; Benj Hewes, 27 years' consumption; Waldron Hill, 2 years and 6 months, dropsy; Alfred Stubbs, 18 years, dropsy; infant of Edward Williams; infant of Emma Hayes, 2 days, disease unknown.

CHARLES L. DAVIS.—This celebrated commedian will make his first appearance at the Opera House on Monday, April 10th, in his world renowned play of "Alvin Joslin," and we bespeak for him a rousing house. The Chicago *Tribune* in speaking of says:

> The quaint but good natured character of the shrewd New England farmer find several representatives upon the cotemporary stage, and among them the "Alvin Joslin" of Mr. Charles L. Davis deserves a reputable place. There is much in it that is amusing and not a little that is original. The audience have been well pleased with the humor and excentricity of the character, and constant laughter has been the well-earned reward of the commedian.

BURGLARY.—From what we have been able to learn it appears that there is a regular organized band of burglars in this city. Mr. Taylor, of the National Cemetery, has been visited by them some two or three times, and so has several others in his neighborhood, and there they seemed to confine themselves to chickens, but on Friday night last they entered the residence of G. P. Rourk, on Brunswick, between Sixth and Seventh streets, and carried off the household supplies from the pantry, and all the clothing they could find, but luckily they failed to find anything but one old suit. We hope they may soon be brought to justice.

The POST will not be sent to subscribers who do not pay their subscriptions.

The Wilmington Fox Club had their last "meet" of the season on Thursday last.

Good Friday was more generally observed than usual here. Business was nearly entirely suspended.

Capt. Dick Paddison reports the prospects of the fruit crop in the Point Caswell section as very fine.

The steamer Lisbon went to Lisbon, Sampson county, last week, being the first trip ever made to that place by a steamer.

Rev. F. W. Eason, of the Newbern Baptist church, was here on Friday, en route from the Baptist Sunday School Convention.

Josiah Robinson, colored, got his right hand cut off in the saw mill of Jos. F. Butler, at Sidney, Columbus county, on Wednesday last.

Mr. Norwood Giles, late chairman of the Board of Audit and Finance, turned over to his successor, Mr. R. J. Jones, the bonds belonging to the Sinking Fund, amounting to $41,853.

James Price, colored, was arrested Thursday night on the charge of creating a disturbance at the Tienken store, on Front street, where "Wilson's Novelties" were on exhibition. He was required to pay a fine of $5.

From the police reports for the month of March we learn that the arrests footed up 30; that 24 white males and 57 white females applied for lodgings; that 10 places of business were found open or unfastened, and that the fines collected during the month aggregated $23.50.

We call attention to the advertisement of D. A. Smith & Co. which appears in this issue, and we advise our friends to give them a call, whenever they wan't anything in their line. They keep a first class furniture store and will take great pleasure in showing you their goods.

Mr. Norwood Giles recently resigned the position of Chairman of the Board of Audit and Finance, and Mr. R. J. Jones, a member of the Board, was chosen as Chairman in his stead. On Monday evening last Mr. W. R. Kenan was elected a member of the Board to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of Mr. Giles and the promotion of Mr. Jones.

The steamtug Blanche, which sunk near Morehead City a week or so ago, by colliding with an anchor, was gotten up by the Baker Wrecking Company of Norfolk, and arrived here on Saturday. Captain Jacobs expresses himself greatly indebted to the people of Morehead, the pilots of Beaufort and Captain Appleton Oaksmith for their kindness in tendering necessary assistance.

Mr. B. D. Morrell, one of our oldest citizens, died on Friday morning last. He was a native of New Hampshire, but had been living in Brunswick and New Hanover counties for the past forty years, and had served the former county one term in the Legislature He was about 65 years of age, and had many warm friends in Smithville and Wilmington who will regret to hear of his death.

At the annual meet ing of the Wilmington Mutual Insurance Company, held Wednesday night, the following directors were elected for the ensuing year: W. A. French, J. K. Brown, Wm. Larkins, R. E. Heide, J. H. Freeman, H. VonGlahn, R. E. Calder, W. P. Oldham, H. M. Bowden, R. S. Radcliffe, Col. John McRae. W. A. French was elected president and S. N. Cannon secretary and treasurer.

DEEDS, MORTGAGES, &C—The following deeds, mortgages, &c., were probated during the past week by the proper authorities:

Deeds—John Craig and wife to C N Craig; A B Campbell, administrator, to Ella K Hill; W J Jordan to A R Gordon; J H Freeman and wife to Wm. Latimer; Robert Henning, executor, to James T Harper; O G Parsley and wife to James Livingston; T M Thompson to Mary M Bell and others; H C Evans to John W Thompson; D L Russell and wife to A D Wessell.

Mortgages—S D Hankins and wife to Brown & Roddick, transfer; T. J. Southerland and wife to Jno L Wescott; Arthur Powell to A D Wessell, Pender; Alvin Love to A D Wessell, Pender; Stephen Deal to A D Wessell Pender.

Power of Attorney—J J Beasley to Elijah Hewlett.

Our Jewish friends have been observing the Feast of the Passover during the past week.

The people of Sampson indignantly deny a report which has gained considerable circulation here, to the effect that they are opposed to a connection with Wilmington through the proposed Clinton and Point Caswell Railroad, and prefer the route to Warsaw They are strongly in favor of the Wilmington route, and are only waiting for Wilmington to come forward with her share of the subscription, when they will have their's ready in twenty-four hours.

A case varioloid was discovered on board of the brig Cora Green, Captain Phelbrook, which arrived here from New York in the early part of the week, but the vessel was immediately ordered down the river, with instructions to land the patient at Mt. Tirzah Hospital, about four or five miles down the river, where he will be taken good care of. The Captain and crew of the brig were vaccinated, and no apprehension is felt there will be any other cases.

BOARD OF ALDERMEN.—The Board met in monthly session on last Monday evening.

A communication from the Board of Audit and Finance, enclosing the appropriations for the fiscal year ending March 31, 1882, was read and adopted.

Further time was granted the committee on Fire Department on the removal of a steam fire engine to the north side of the W. & W. railroad.

Alderman Northrop moved that the committee on Water Works, in connection with the Chief the Fire Department, be instructed to locate the thirty-five fire hydrants, as provided for in the appropriation, at a cost not to exceed $1,500 or $50 dollars per year each, and make a contract with the Water Works Company. Adopted.

The resignation of W. H. Goodman, Captain of the Police Force, was read, and Sergeant D. S. Bender was elected as his successor, and Mr. J. M. Nelson was elected Sergeant of the force.

A motion that the Finance Committee confer with the Board of Audit and Finance for the purpose of making the tax levy for 1882 was adopted.

The contract for attending to the lamps was awarded to George Balson, on his bid of $84 per month—being the lowest.

The contract for printing was awarded to Mr. S. G. Hall; his bid being the lowest.

The contract for keeping city mules and carts was awarded to Mr. T. J. Southerland, at $32 50 per month for each team.

The contract for furnishing lumber was awarded to Mr. J. W. Taylor, at $14 per thousand feet.

The contract for feeding prisoners was awarded to Mr. W. W. Mintz, at 10 cents per meal.

Mr. W. M. Hays was appointed city Scavenger, under rules and regulation of the Board.

On motion, the contract with the Gas Company was continued for the present year at a price not to exceed the present contract.

COUNTY COMMISSIONERS.—The Board met in regular monthly session on Monday afternoon last.

The Treasurer submitted his monthly report for March, as follows:

General fund—balance on hand	$27,888.81
Special fund—balance on hand	424.15
Educational fund—balance on hand	13,647.15

And exhibited 46 coupons of the denomination of $3.00 each, and 18 coupons of the denomination of $15.00 each, which bonds were destroyed by the Board.

The Register of Deeds submitted his report for the month of March, showing $19.95 as the amount of fees from marriage licenses collected by him, and exhibited the Treasurer's receipt for the same.

The following persons were appointed to take the tax lists:

Wilmington township—Jas. G. Burr.
Harnett Township—A. A. Mosely.
Masonboro Township—James A. Montgomery.
Federal Point Township—J. H Horne.
Cape Fear Township Iredell Johnson.

Retail liquor licenses were granted to John Carroll, A. D. Wessell, R. H. Bordeaux and J. W. Dais.

Application to supply the Jail with water and to have a hydrant placed in front of the Court House, with sufficient hose for use in case of fire, were granted.

The tax levy under schedule B and C, same as last year.

In reference to the ferry across North East river, the Chairman and Commissioner Roger Moore were appointed a committee to confer with Mr. [illegible].

DISTRESSING AFFAIR.—A very unfortunate difficulty occurred in this city on Sunday last between Mr. Herbert Thompson and Mr. Richard Gause, two young men of this city, during which the latter received a severe wound from a pistol ball in the fleshy part of the neck. Mr. Gause was taken to his residence in a carriage, and Mr. Thompson subsequently surrendered himself to Mayor Smith, who bound him over for his appearance before him the next morning. On Monday the case came up, when, at the request of Mr. DuBrutz Cutler, attorney for Mr. Gause, the preliminary examination was postponed until the 13th inst. Mr. Junius Davis appeared for Mr. Thompson, who was placed under a bond of $1,000, with his father as security, and Mr. Thomas Gause, a younger brother of the wounded gentleman, who was with him when the difficulty occurred, was also required to give bond in the sum of $200 for his appearance at the time specified.

CRIMINAL COURT.—This body convened in this city on Monday last and disposed of the following cases during the week:

State vs Isaiah Easton, charged with assault and battery. Defendant found guilty.

State vs John Carroll charged with selling liquor on Sunday. Defendant submitted.

State vs L M Guttemburg, sci fa. Dismissed at defendant's costs.

State vs Dick Dozier, sci fa. Dismissed.

State vs Fred Jones, sci fa. Dismissed.

State vs March Campbell, charged with larceny. Witness called and failed.

State vs Fred Guyer, charged with assault and battery. Defendant waives sending bill of indictment and submits. Judgment, $10 and costs.

State vs J H Bosch, charged with keeping a disorderly house. Defendant not guilty.

State vs Belle Fisher, charged with keeping a disorderly house. Defendant found guilty.

State vs C F VonKampen, charged with keeping a disorderly house. Defendant found not guilty.

State vs Ishmael Leonard and Thos. Kane, charged with an affray. Defendants found guilty, and required to pay $1 and costs in each case. Defendant Leonard craved an appeal, which was granted, on condition of his giving bond in the sum of $100 for his appearance at the December term of the court.

State vs Major Dudley, charged with larceny. Defendant submitted and was sentenced to four years in the state penitentiary.

State vs Agnes King, charged with larceny. Defendant found not guilty.

State vs March Campbell, charged with larceny. Case continued for defendant, who was required to give bond in the sum of $200 for his appearance, the witnesses being also recognized in the sum of $50 each.

State vs George E Berden, charged with keeping a disorderly house. Defendant found not guilty.

State vs Thomas Gillespie, charged with larceny. Not guilty.

State vs Florence Morris, charged with disorderly conduct. Not guilty.

State vs John McGuire, charged with mismarking a hog. Case continued for the state, and witnesses recognized in the sum of $50 each for their appearance. Defendant recognized, with security, for his appearance at the next term of the court.

State vs Edward Bryson, charged with keeping a disorderly house. Defendant found not guilty.

State vs Mary Williamson, charged with keeping a disorderly house. Defendant found not guilty.

State vs John Deal and Chas. Williams, convicted of forgery. Judgment of this court affirmed by the Supreme Court. Defendants sentenced to two years each in the state penitentiary.

State vs Henry McLean, charged with larceny. Defendant submitted and was ordered to pay a fine of sixpence and the costs, being let off lightly on account of his extreme youth.

State vs Calvin Blount, assault and battery; not guilty. Plea of former conviction sustained.

State vs Buford Reed, larceny; continued.

State vs Herbert Thompson, assault; continued.

State vs Richard Gause, assault; continued.

State vs Hillery Williams, larceny; guilty.

State vs Tucker Townsend, larceny. Defendant discharged on account of his youth and previous confinement in jail.

The court will wind up its duties for the present term to-morrow.

The POST is only $2 00 per annum.

LOCAL SHORTS.

New Hanover Bank stock sold on Tuesday at $26.25, the par value being $25.

The foreign exports from this city for the month of March footed up $400,201.

Rev. G. S. Jones, the friend and promoter of Sunday schools, was here on a visit during the past week.

The ladies of the Smithville Baptist Church are to have a fair and festival on the evening of the 10th inst.

Capt. W. S. Norment, formerly of Wilmington, but now of Lumberton, was in the city during the past week.

Mr. B. D. Morrill, one of our oldest citizens, was stricken with paralysis on Sunday last and is considered very low.

The *Review* man has returned home from a visit north. It is said he will shortly bring his paper out in a new dress.

One of the committee had collected $5,275 towards the Clinton & Point Caswell Railroad up to Tuesday evening last.

A small frame dwelling, corner of Sixth and Wooster streets, was destroyed by fire on Tuesday morning last. It was the property of Mr. J. Wilder and was occupied by colored people.

We call attention to the advertisement of Messrs. Brown & Pearson, which appears in this issue. They have a first class barber shop, and employ none but the best of workmen. Give them a call.

Rev. Fathers Moore, of Hickory, White, of Raleigh, Reilly, of Newbern, Pohl, of Gaston, and Gore of Charleston, have been here during the past week in attendance upon interesting ceremonies at St. Thomas' Catholic Church.

The sum of $512 has been contributed by our citizens towards paying off the debt of the Wilmington Library Association. Of this amount which has been paid in, the sum of $485.92 was devoted to paying off the debt of the Association, leaving a balance on hand of 27.08.

The revival which has been in progress for the past two weeks in the First Baptist church closed last Tuesday night with 15 accessions to the church. Rev. E. F. Baldwin, of Greensboro, who has been assisting Rev. J. B. Taylor, left for his home on Wednesday morning last.

Hillany Williams, colored, was arrested on the charge of stealing money from the pockets of Dr. J. T. Schonwald, Sr., in whose employ he had been, and upon examination before a magistrate was required to give bond for his appearance at Court, failing in which he was locked up.

Charles King, colored, was arrested Tuesday night on the charge of stealing a coat and pair of sleeve buttons from W. H. Scott, the barber, foot of Mulberry street. He was arraigned before the Mayor and ordered to give bond in the sum of $50 for his appearance at Court, in default of which he was committed to jail.

A colored man named Joseph Anderson, who had been drinking, and who had been cursing and abusing people generally at Fayetteville on Monday afternoon last, finally got into a difficulty with another colored man named Sam White, who seized an axe helve and struck him over the head with it, fracturing his skull, from the effects of which he died the same night.

At the regular annual meeting of the C. M. Stedman Fire Company, held Wednesday night, the following officers were elected: G. W. W. Davis president; J. P. O. Sullivan, vice president; treasurer, G. W. Mitchell; secretary, A. B. Schriver; foreman, E. S. Griffith; first assistant, M. M. Parker; second assistant, F. Swann; axemen, J. F. Lanier, B. Craig, C. Mintz, E. C. Dew.

The report of Capt. F. G. Robinson, chief of the fire department, gives the value of the property of the department at $17,259, of which amount the city owns $6,150 and the different organizations $11,109 There were forty fire alarms during the past year, ending with the 31st of March, all of which were promptly responded to by the department. He warmly recommends the proposed extension of the water works and the location of thirty additional hydrants.

The appropriations for the city for the fiscal year ending March 31st, 1882, as agreed upon by the Board of Aldermen and Board of Audit and Finance, foots up $61,820, as follows: Streets and wharves $9,000; police $18,000; public buildings $1,100; fire department $6,000; prisoners [illegible]; light $6,750; printing and advertising $600; sanitary $2,300; miscellaneous and extraordinary $1,300; hospital $1,000; cemetery [illegible]; water works $6,750; salaries of officers $4,000.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

OPERA HOUSE.
MONDAY, - - - APRIL 10TH.
THE GREAT COMEDIAN,
CHARLES L. DAVIS
In his Celebrated Character Comedy, in Four Acts, entitled
"ALVIN JOSLIN,"
The Only True Representative of
THE NEW ENGLAND FARMER,
Supported by a Full and Powerful Company of Dramatic Celebrities.
180 Laughs in 180 Minutes!
Greatest Success of the Age!
Funniest Play Ever Witnessed!
Three Hours of Uproarious Fun!
apl 9-1t

D. A. SMITH. THOS. C. CRAFT.
FURNITURE!
WE ARE OFFERING RARE BARgains to purchasers of
Furniture & Bedding!
Our Stock embraces all the latest and leading style of Fine and Medium
Bed-Room Suits,
PARLOR SUITS, TABLES,
LOUNGES, CHAIRS, BED STEADS,
BUREAUS, WASHSTANDS,
WARDROBES, DESKS,
SPRING BEDS, MATTRESSES,
CRADLES, BABY CARRIAGES,
&C., &C.
We have had an experience of 25 years in the Furniture business right here in Wilmington, and know where to buy and what to buy, and give our Customers the benefit of the Lowest Prices attainable.
Call and see us at No. 43 N. Front Street, Wilmington, N. C.
D. A. SMITH & Co.,
apl 9-4m The Furniture Dealers.

McGowan's Saloon.
No. 3 South Front St., Wilmington, N. C.
BEST of WINES, LIQUORS and CIGARS to be had in this city for the money. Fancy Drinks a specialty.
J. M. McGOWAN & SON, Props.

BROWN & PEARSON.
FASHIONABLE HAIR DRESSING AND Shaving Saloon, No. 23 North Front Street.
Best Workmen employed. Prices as usual.
Give us a call. apl 9-1y

The Ladies of Smithville Baptist Church.
THE LADIES OF SMITHVILLE BAPTIST CHURCH propose having a FAIR and OYSTER SUPPER on the night of the 10th OF APRIL, 1882, at the Smithville Academy.
Instrumental and Vocal Music on the occasion by
MISS LILLY THOMPSON,
MISS MAMIE THOMPSON,
MISS EMMA THOMPSON,
MR. EDWARD DAVIS,
MR. JAMES PRICE,
MR. JAMES CLEMMONS.
And others.
About the close of the Entertainment a short address will be delivered by Rev. Mr. North, Pastor of the Smithville Methodist Church.
Proceeds to be devoted to the benefit of the Baptist Church.
Come and pass an evening away pleasantly.

TO THE PUBLIC!
WE DESIRE TO INFORM our friends that we have commenced business for ourselves at the
CITIZENS' MARKET
Where the best
BEEF, PORK, LAMB, VEAL, &c.
Can always be found.
Thanking those of our friends who patronized us when we were Clerks we now ask their TRADE in our own behalf.
Very respectfully,
J. D. SELLERS.
Mch 26-4t ED. A. ORRELL.

REAL ESTATE
AGENCY.
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.
WILL BUY AND SELL REAL ESTATE:
Negotiate Loans on
REAL ESTATE
Anywhere in North Carolina.
Office with B. R. TAYLOR, Esq., one Door West of Post Office.
O. H. OCKER.
Mch [illegible]

AGENTS [illegible]

AGENTS WANTED [illegible]
GARFIELD.
[illegible]

THE WILMINGTON POST.

W. P. CANADAY, Proprietor.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

SUNDAY MORNING, APRIL 9, 1882.

GOOD NEWS FROM CHARLOTTE.

In Charlotte we saw Col. William Johnston, but had only time to exchange a few words with him. He looked well and appeared jovial. He is not a candidate before the people for any office within their gift, yet he expressed to us his determination to canvass the State in the interest of the "Liberal" party.—*Spirit of the South.*

Now let us hear from Maj. Price and Col. Folk.

GRAND LIBERAL MOVEMENT.

The colored convention, representing 110,000 colored voters, have invited the liberal independent Democrats to join with them in a combination to carry the state. The convention was one of the most harmonious and conservative ever held in North Carolina. No white man was abused; all were treated with great consideration by that body. The colored people of the state may congratulate themselves on the good work accomplished by their representatives. The bourbon Democrats cannot make capital out of any mistep of the colored people. They love the people with whom they have been raised, and will never treat them with disrespect, and they have a right to demand fair treatment in return.

No convention was ever held in North Carolina, that passed off so exceedingly well, as the colored convention at Goldsboro did last week.—No man, either white or black, was denounced; all were treated respectfully and the convention declared in favor of liberalism. We have yet to meet a white man who does not endorse the action of the convention. Hon. Jas. H. Harris, the leading statesman among the colored people, and one of the very best citizens of the state, showed great foresight in offering the liberal resolution, and the convention showed good judgement in unanimously adopting it.

LIBERAL MOVEMENT.

Those who doubted the possibility of the liberal movement in North Carolina on account of any doubts they may have had of the colored citizens of the state being in favor of it, have had those doubts removed by the adoption of the following resolution by the colored state convention, held at Goldsboro on the 29th and 30th of March, offered by the Hon. James H. Harris of Wake county:

Resolved, By this convention:

1. That while we do not favor the abandonment of any of the principles of the Republican party which have done so much for the education of our race; and while we heartily endorse the administration of President Arthur, we hail with pleasure the unmistakable evidences of a liberal movement in North Carolina founded on popular rights as against bourbon rule, class legislation, and tyrannical monopolies.

2. That we hail such liberal movement, founded upon such principles, and are ready to receive those liberal men who have heretofore acted with the Democratic party, who are not blinded by the narrow prejudices of a by-gone age, and who are willing to bury the dead past in an earnest and joint effort to build a new North State, to make the burdens of government bear equally upon all citizens, and guarantee to all equal rights and privileges under just and humane laws.

Now it will be seen by those men who have acted heretofore with the Democratic party, and are to-day inclined to a new departure in favor of liberal government, that they can do so without any fear of their success in the grand march of progress. In fact here is an invitation from a body of men who represent one hundred and ten thousand voters, for them to do so. There were doubts in the minds of many white men in the state whether the colored voter would tolerate the liberal movement or not, from the fact that certain white Republicans were opposed to it, and have been for months fighting the policy. We never had any fear of that question; we know the colored people of North Carolina too well; we know them to be liberal in their views, and inclined to join in any movement looking towards a government that will treat every citizen with that equality in the courts that the law guarantees him.

In Virginia, as in North Carolina, certain Republicans who had been and were even at that time honored leaders fought the liberal Mahone movement, but the colored people could not be deceived by the bourbon members of their own party, and on the day of the election ninety-nine out of every hundred went up to the polls and voted the liberal ticket. Just so it will be in North Carolina, but the liberals must show themselves men of nerve and character, as the Virginians did, and then the colored and white Republicans alike will join in the movement and make it a grand and glorious victory.

Now such men as Col. William Johnson of Charlotte, Major Charles Price of Salisbury, Col. Folk, Mr. Shober, and Gen Clingman should come to the front and head the movement without fear of the result. They are men of ability, and we believe they have the "grit" to take hold of the matter and fight it out. That there are at least twenty-five thousand white men and gentlemen of high character in the Democratic party who are tired of the bourbon and corrupt leaders there can be no question; that they will join such leaders as those mentioned above, and march under the liberal banner we will guarantee, providing those leaders will show that they have confidence in their followers.

The fear of being snubbed by the Republican party may no longer exist. In fact the liberals have been invited to join the Republicans, not in the Republican party, but in a liberal party; a grand combination of the conservative Democrats and the Republicans, which will not humiliate either in accepting. Every man who wants local self-government, who is opposed to class legislation; who are in favor of equal rights before the law, a free vote and a fair count, can join in this grand combination and be certain of victory.

JUROR QUESTION.

We again call our laboring men's attention to the great discrimination made against them in the courts. In North Carolina there are about 170,000 white men, and of that number not more than 50,000 of them are put on the lists to summons the jury from. In this Congressional District we find in the counties wherever we have made an investigation that not one-third of the white citizens are in the jury box, and yet these same men will go up to the polls and vote the Democratic ticket, and for the same fellows who are kicking them every day. In the county of Onslow there are 700 white men who have never served on the jury; in Pender county upwards of 900; in New Hanover county over 1000; in Brunswick county 750; in Bladen county about 800; in Sampson county near 1100, and at the same rate in the other counties of this District. The poor farmers and mechanics have lien suits in the courts, as plaintiffs as well as defendants, and yet they are denied the right to serve on the jury, or have any of the men in the same standing in society with themselves on it.

Some of the officers of the law tell us when we speak to them about it, that we are arraying one class of society against the other. Our answer to them is, that they are doing more toward that than we are, from the fact they, the officers, are giving the educated and landed portion of society control of the courts to the entire exclusion of the laboring farmers and mechanics, and that they, the officers, are responsible for the feeling between the classes, if any exists, to-day. Let the aristocratic citizens concede fully to the laboring men all the rights that the law guarantees to them. Let them be put on juries; let them be elected to office, and then they will hear no more from us about this matter; but until they do that we shall continue to fight in behalf of every white and colored man in the state.

It has been the case that the monyed men controlled the legislature, and they have had just such laws passed as they desired. In Carteret county nearly all the fishing privilege belongs to one or two men; in Onslow county most of the oyster beds belong to a selected few. And so it goes, the rights of the poor laborer is being continually proscribed, and after a few more years they will have no rights that a moneyed man or a lawyer is bound to respect.

We have great respect for the lawyers, but we do not believe they should have the whole control of the executive and the legislature, as they necessarily have of the courts. The business man, the farmer and mechanic have some rights, or at least they ought to have, and it is about time for them to rise and assert them. We do not object to a few lawyers going to the legislature and to Congress, but when they take all we think it is about time to call a halt. And we want to see the mechanic and poor laboring farmer have their Representatives in Congress, and in the state legislature. Then, and not until then will their rights be looked out for. In North Carolina we have a lawyer for Governor, and the whole of the state officers are lawyers, and every single member of Congress is a lawyer, except one, and he studied law, but did not have sense enough to get a licese. Nine-tenths of the legislature, who are Democrats, are usually lawyers, and the other tenth are moneyed men. Now we appeal to the laboring men to make up their minds to have a change—and that at once.

Why don't the *News and Observer* keep the following, which we clip from one of its editorials, standing:

> Good news comes to us from every section of the north and west. And while we are united, the Republican party is disorganized and broken into factions, which, like the Kilkenny cats, are bent on the utter destruction of their antagonists. Blaine's quarrel with Arthur will give us Maine. New England is no longer solid for the Republicans. New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania and Ohio this spring will tell the tale, and when the fall comes the Republicans will find themselves in a woful minority. All that we need is to keep the south with a solid front and the time-honored principles of the national Democratic party will yet control the action of the government and carry our country on to a grand destiny.

Just before every election the above is kept going all the time in the Democratic papers and just after the election they see that the people of the north have [illegible] Republicans. It is about time to stop this mode of deceiving the people of the south. Just so long as the south remains solid just so long will the people of the north stand as one man on the other side. And we are surprised at such a gentleman as Capt. Ashe allowing such nonsense in his paper. A man that reads and travels as much as Capt. A. does certainly know better. Some backwoods editor might be excused for such an editorial at this day, but we can find no excuse for the editor of the *Observer* dealing in such deception.

BURGAW, PENDER CO., N. C., }
April 3d, 1882. }

A petition of the colored citizens of Pender county, N. C., to the honorable Board of County Commissioners of said county.

GENTLEMEN:—A county convention composed of delegates that were chosen from the several townships of this county, convened here on the 7th day of February, 1882. The said convention unanimously elected two delegates from each township who were to represent the resolutions adopted by said convention, and the many grievances of the colored citizens of this county to your honorable Board. In consequence of the design of that body we the delegates who have been elected, ask permission to lay our grievances before you: For two or three terms of the Superior Court held in this county colored men has been excluded from being drawn as jurymen, though the legislature of North Carolina has passed a law by resolutions which will be found on pages 589 and 590, acts of 1876-'77, which declare alike to every citizen, without distinction of race or color, equality before the laws and recognizes the full purport and intent of the Amendments of the Constitution of the United States which confers the rights of suffrage and citizenship upon the people of color. Also, that part of the Constitution of this State that conferring equal educational privileges upon both races. The legislature by acts passed has charged you gentlemen with the selection of the jury list, and says you are to scrutinize the list annually, and inquire whether any person qualified to be jurors are united. Why is it then that the entire colored population are excluded from your jury list? is it because no colored man in the county is qualified to be drawn under the law, as a juror? Gentlemen, we do not ask that incompetent colored men be placed on the jury. We believe we have colored men of this county who are well qualified in moral character to be drawn as jurors, who are tax payers, and we ask that their names be placed in the jury box, and drawn out and summoned when other men's names are drawn out and summoned as jurors to try civil and criminal cases in the Superior Courts to be held in Pender county. Gentlemen, we deem it our duty to present our grievances to you for your consideration with the hope of an early correction. We seek for redress of this grievious wrong, for several reasons, because our exclusion from the jury box is in favor of the dominant citizens of our county, and against the subject class. 2d. Because it is the remains of a race prejudice. 3d. Because it draws an emphatic color line, and is a stigma upon our people. 4th. We seek for redress as a just recognition of our rights, it is a question of right and wrong, which you as responsible men are called upon to decide. Now, gentlemen, we conclude by asking you in the spirit of citizens, and for the honor of our county, in the name of justice and the name of God to redress our grievance. Thanking you gentlemen, for the permission you have granted us to lay our grievances before your honorable Board. Signed, Wm. McIntire, S. K. Lamont, Francisco Henry, James Moore, A. J. Wadkins, Isaac Hall, Peter Johnson.

ALFRED LLOYD, chairman of the delegation.

North Carolina Republicans.

The regular meeting of the North Carolina Republican Association was held last night at No. 1023 Seventh street. Mr. Robert W. Hancock, superintendent House document room, was unanimously elected president of the association; W. K. Price, vice-president; W. G. Fearing, secretary; J. H. Kimball, assistant secretary, and D. Kellett, treasurer. Messrs. D. Kellett, A. B. Lind, and W. K. Price were appointed a committee on rules. A resolution condemnatory of the recent speech of Senator Jones was unanimously adopted. After routine business, and the election of Hon. Orlando Hubbs as a member, the meeting adjourned.—*National Republican.*

"You may talk about mean men," said one rustic to another on a ferry-boat the other day, "but we've got a woman in Alameda who takes the pile." "Kinder close—is she?" "Close? Why, last month her husband died—fourth husband, mind—and I'm blamed if she didn't take the door plate off the front door, and had his age added and then nailed it on his coffin. Said she guessed likely she'd be wanting a new name on the door soon any way."

A Practitioner's Test.

MARION, S. C., March 15, 1880.

H. H. WARNER & CO: Sirs—I have been trying some of your Safe Kidney and Liver Cure in my practice, and it acts like a charm.

[illegible], M. D.

SPEECH OF JOHN C. DANCY,

OF EDGECOMBE,

On Accepting the Chairmanship of the Late Colored Convention at Goldsboro.

GENTLEMEN OF THE CONVENTION: I question the wisdom of your action in selecting me to preside over this convention during your deliberations. I accept the honor however, and shall rely upon your assistance in making this assembly harmonious, that its actions may result in the greatest possible good to all concerned.

The history of people and nations from time immemorial, affords the best precedent for this gathering. No man who has the slightest spark of liberty in his breast, can remain quiet when matters like those we have met to consider demand attention. Here we are the humble depositaries of a constituency constituting the bone and sinew of this grand old state, and aggregating a voting population of more than one hundred thousand beings. The rights of this vast number have to a more or less extent, been trampled upon, and feeling aggrieved we have assembled to call those in authority to a halt, and beg them to contemplate the unconstitutionality of their course.

The fires that burned in the hearts of the fathers of the republic are not wholly extinguished yet, and we want the world to know and appreciate the undeniable fact that we love liberty and spurn oppression no less truly than they. Is memory dead? Who in this body can forget the sacrifices that were made by the early settlers who colonized and built up this country, and uttered irrevocable prayers that it might be great and strong? Who can contemplate the tortures to which they were subjected and not shudder? Coming down the ladder of time let us think for a moment what America did in resisting British oppression. The heroes who figured in that struggle will be honorably mentioned in the latest history. The negro was represented there as well as in former and subsequent struggles; and the unprejudiced historian will accord him his proper place. The fire of liberty prompted all these sacrifices and I assert here, and defy contradiction that it has not gone out yet.

To declare against and resist wrong always awakens interest on the part of sympathizers for the oppressed. Ancient and modern history bears me out in this statement. Russian peasantry even though they be Nihilists and Irish tenants, though they be Parnellites and agitators, and resist the encroachments of English law, yet their cause being in part, at least, just, the world looks on their conduct with wonder and admiration. The Nihilists and Irish agitators may be, and perhaps are, wrong in their methods, their passions and prejudices having the better of them yet their motives are apparently pure.

It doesn't suit my purpose, however, to enter into a lengthy discussion of the wrongs of others, but to come home and discuss matters that are essential to our immediate welfare.

After emancipating the negro the country was considerably exercised by reason of efforts made to clothe him with citizenship and the right of franchise. The country, yea the world, knows something of that conflict which finally resulted in the ratification of the amendments to the constitution, in which North Carolina took a prominent part. That constitution guarantees to every man equal rights and full protection while in the enjoyment of those rights. Prominent among them is the right to pass judgment upon any citizen who may be tried for disobeying the laws of our commonwealth or nation. No man should for a moment question that right, and yet complaint is made that in sixty-one counties of our grand Old North State that right fails to be exercised. This exclusion is in open violation of our laws and statutes and is risky at best. I am proud that the loyal opinion of Judge McRae upon this matter has been obtained, and am equally proud that the Hon. W. P. Canaday who possesses so much foresight and political acumen has interested himself so much in obtaining it. They both have conferred a boon that none of us can fail to appreciate.

Judge McRae after carefully reviewing the statutes that refer to this matter and pointing out notable cases to more fully establish the correctness of his opinion and position, most forcibly concludes that, "Whatever may have been thought by many of the circumstances under which and the methods by which those amendments were adopted, they have been passed into judgment and become like the whole organic law, of which they are components, the supreme law of the land." Says he further "North Carolina has ratified them, and moulded her legislation upon them. With them in force she has asserted the paramount allegiance of her citizens 'to the constitution and government of the United States, and that no law or ordinance of the state in contravention thereof can have any binding force.' And lastly: "The ultimate control of criminal prosecution in the state courts is surrendered to the revisory action of the federal tribunals, and the general government becomes the practical protector of the rights of the citizen, which the state ought jealously to guard. Nor is this the worst evil to grow out of the action of the county officials. It entails upon the counties the inconvenience of delay in the administration of justice, and heavy expense incident to the transfer of cases into the federal courts, and unless ended it will assuredly bring about much more vigorous and stringent enforcement measures than we have yet been obliged to submit to at the hands of congress."

That is the opinion of one of North Carolina's ablest jurists. No man can question his judicial knowledge as legal attainments. Here that opinion stands the grandest monument that could be erected to his memory. Coming generations will hold that opinion as the great magna charta of negro rights in North Carolina. Too much cannot be said of it. No legal mind in the state can question its correctness. We meet here to-day to counsel one with the other, to heed the behests of a confiding people and act in accord with the teachings of [illegible]. Within its bounds we are content to act, beyond it we do not aspire. We ask no rights that others do not enjoy nor do we seek to lower the standard or dignity of others. [illegible] those people irrespective of race or class they should be enforced.

We ask their enforcement as a matter of justice and right, we demand it in the name of law and the constitution. We are asked to keep still and not agitate so much, that it disturbs the peace and imperils the well being and safety of a people. I answer that there is no peace that is not pure, no prosperity that is not just; and that

We yield to none in earnest love of freedom's cause sublime
We join the cry fraternity! and keep the march of time.

It is not ill will that urges this action, but it is the love of liberty and justice. There is no race that holds malice less than the negro. We are naturally ambitious I confess, but that ambition does not cause a prejudice to rankle in our hearts against any other race. We ask a fair show in the race of life and no more. Let the law be enforced through its proper channel and none should complain.

The convict system that has been resorted to is making such inroads upon the honest labor of the state, that honesty is almost placed at a discount. This growing evil should be remedied and the sooner the better. As at present arranged every important railroad is built by the state convicts while our honest yeomanry, though they pay their taxes and are a part and parcel of the body politic have no chance whatever to bring their labor in competition with that furnished by the state. We hold that plenty of work can be furnished every convict within the walls of the penitentiary where they rightfully belong and the services of our industrious, law abiding citizens, who wish to work should be secured to build and extend these private corporations. It may not be so directly, but indirectly this evil is the outgrowth of our jury system. Whenever labor is wanted on the western lines of railway negroes are tried, convicted and sent there to build them. There are exceptions to this rule, I admit, but the rule is the more frequently observed.

But a new era is dawning upon us, and we hail its advent with joy and complacency. The dark past is gradually passing out of sight while the light of the future brightens up our pathway. None of us can mourn the days that are gone; because

"They were days when the crowd had no freedom of speech,
When reading and writing were out of their reach;
When ignorance stolid and dense was its doom,
And bigotry swathed it from cradle to tomb.
But the present, though clouds o'er her continue to roll,
Has a light in her eye and a hope in her soul."

Speeches like that of Senator Jones, delivered a few days ago in the Senate Chamber, cannot dissuade us from the even tenor of our way. They may suit his purpose, and he may by reason of them gain a temporary advantage, and yet though he may be as rich as "Croesus" the time will come in later days when his staff of life is bending under the weight of years, that he will condone the evil moment that suggested the delivery of such an uncalled for phillipic against an oppressed and unoffending race. Mark the prediction! The time will come when he will apologize for that speech. Though he may not be possessed of charity of either soul or mind, yet that rash conduct of his cannot stand the storm of condemnation that will be showered upon him. I rejoice that Mississippi and Massachusetts furnished patriots, for the time at least, who came to our rescue and silenced our assailants. Who can forget the eloquence of Hoar and Dawes in the Senate, and Hooker and others in the House, while they boldly asserted that the negro is here and must be protected while exercising his civil, religious and political rights. It is here, gentlemen of the convention, that we should assert our every right, and dare have the manhood to maintain them. It is Wendell Phillips, the world's orator, who holds that if the Republic survives fifty years the negro will deserve a great part of the credit, and if it is disrupted, the negro will be the cause. The signs of the times indicate that such a disaster as the latter is not within the range of probability; therefore the Union must survive. While it survives the humblest as well as the most exalted citizen must be protected, and when this fails to be done the old ship of state will sink and leave no trace, not even a ripple to mark the place where it went down. The illustrious Sumner held that "equality of rights is the first of rights." Through the long vista of ages this has been a divine sentiment, and no man, nor class of men, should seek to break its force or miscalculate its significance. It was the great Unitarian Chauncy who claimed that "it was religious rights which first opened men's eyes to all their rights." He who is so base as to seek to humiliate us in the eyes of the civilized world is unworthy the name of a statesman. He should spurn patriotism as a thing of the past, if he holds the most important factor of the body politic incapable of self government, or using to his advantage the right of franchise.—We thank unwavering Republicans for standing by their most uncompromising allies, and honest Democrats for words of sympathy, and for their manly defense of our just claims, in an evil time that tried men's souls.

It is said that on a foggy morn in Switzerland, a gentleman while taking his usual morning walk beheld an object which he first declared to be a monster. Approaching he cried out as! a man! But coming in still closer proximity to it he gladly exclaimed, ah! my brother!

I compare with it this revolution of public sentiment that is being cultivated and encouraged between the races. When first emancipated, we were designated as monsters uncaged. After being clothed with citizenship we were soon recognized as men, and when the school-house took the place of the auction block, and our latent intellectual energies which had lain dormant so long are drawn out, the Christian world gladly shakes our hand and recognizes us as brothers.

We are not here simply to assert and demand our rights as jurors, but as faithful allies of the dominant party, we ask recognition when it comes to the distribution of public patronage. We ask no place in any sphere of life that we do not merit and that we are not competent to fill. It is not social rights we ask, but civil and political rights. In the name of justice and humanity, and by the blessings of Almighty God [illegible] county government, nor the fraudulent gerrymander of state and municipal governments, and the introduction of sectional matter into our public schools. From all these iniquities we claim immunity, and our prayers should be heard when we protest.

I revere the memory of those great men whose names will serve as beacon lights to the student of future history. Garrison, Sumner, Phillips, Wilson, Douglass, Stevens, and shall I say Canaday, and associate his name with them! yes, all! Their labors are not well enough known by all of us to be fully appreciated, but appropriate epitaphs will be suggested by the coming historian.

Let the proceedings be harmonious, and our actions governed by prudence, wisdom and moderation, and a gainsaying world will give us the credit at least of possessing the talents and legislative ability that will do credit to any assembly. In conclusion let us not forget that,

A brave man is not he who knows no fear—
That would be stupid and irrational;
But he whose noble soul his fears subdues,
When duty calls he confidently steers,
Facing a thousand dangers at her call,
And trusting in his God, surmounts them all.

Encouraged by the prospect that opens to our views, let us move forward, retracing no step nor abandoning any vantage ground, ere long before the sound of protest has ceased to echo, the liberty we seek will suddenly break upon us like a halo of light, shining in all its effulgence and glory upon all of us, and we will then see the "silver lining of the dark cloud."

Mass Meeting.

The general mass meeting met in the court-house at Yanceyville, N. C., Saturday, March 25th, at 2 o'clock p. m.

The meeting was called to order by Mr. Daniel Johnson, chairman of the executive committee of the Republican party.

The secretary of the county executive committee read the call of the meeting.

On motion of Mr. J. M. Henderson, Mr. Daniel Johnson was elected chairman, and on motion of Mr. W. H. Mebane, Mr. A. L. Johnson was elected secretary.

On motion of Hon. A. Bigelow a committee of five was appointed on draft resolutions expressing the object of the meeting; committee, Messrs. J. M. Henderson, Pinkney Mimms, A. Bigelow, Felix Wm. Low and Wilson Cary.

The committee retired and reported the following resolutions:

WHEREAS, As the Constitution of the United States and of the State of North Carolina guarantee civil, religious and political rights to every citizen in her borders; and that we the colored people of Caswell county are deeply conscientious that evil actors of whatever race or color, should meet with prompt apprehension and when found guilty with speedy punishment. Yet we view with regret the cause that has excluded us entirely from the jury box of our county on account of our color. Therefore be it

Resolved, That we use our influence and all lawful efforts to prevent this evil, and wherever competent colored men can be found we demand that their names be placed in the jury box.

Resolved, 2d, That we the colored voters of Caswell county will support no man unless he will openly pledge himself to do all in his power to aid us in securing the rights guaranteed to us.

Resolved, 3d, That we denounce the election, or appointment to office, any half-breed Republican and will not support the same.

Resolved, 4th, That we denounce and condemn the appointment of the magistrates by the legislature and the county commissioners by the magistrates and the school committeemen by the county commissioners.

Resolved, 5th, That we send two delegates to the state convention which will convene in Goldsboro on the 29th of March.

Resolved, 6th, That we have seen with much concern the published resolutions of a mass meeting held on the 17th inst. by the colored citizens of the town of Winston. Wherein (in the opinion of this meeting) the unwarranted attempt was made to "rule out" of the Republican party Mr. George B. Everett, the presidential elector for the state-at-large in 1880. The request made to the President to remove him as the present collector of internal revenue and a "true Republican" appointed in his place, &c.

Resolved, 7th, That we remember with pride and satisfaction the faithful and efficient party service rendered in the last presidential campaign by Mr. Everett, approve the management of his office, of which warrant our admiration and earnest support and to this end we hereby endorse him politically and officially as trustworthy, staunch and a true Republican.

On motion of Hon. A. Bigelow a committee of three was appointed to select delegates to attend the Goldsboro convention. The following was appointed: Messrs. J. M. Henderson, W. H. Mebane and Thomas Wm. Low.

The committee retired and reported the following gentlemen as delegates: Messrs. J. M. Henderson and A. Bigelow.

As there was no more business the meeting was very interestingly addressed by Messrs. Wilson Cary, J. M. Henderson, A. Bigelow, Hon. Spencer B. Adams, W. T. Briggs and J. F. Cobb.

On motion of Mr. Cary a copy of the meeting be sent to the Wilmington POST and the *North State*.

On motion the meeting adjourned *sine die*.

DANIEL JOHNSON, chairman.

A. L. JOHNSON, secretary.

A Washington correspondent says that a very good story of back pay is told by ex-Representative Harris, of Virginia. "I voted against the bill," said he "but I took the money. When I was up for re-election they threw it up at me on the stump. I told them that I had tried to beat the bill, but had taken the money, yet I thought they would forgive me when they heard what I had done with it. I took the money down into Virginia, said I, and I gave it to a poor woman with seven children, and I told her to use it for herself and the children, and [illegible] I don't think I [illegible]."

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

JOHN WERNER,

The Practical German Barber and Perfumer.

PERSONALLY IN ATTENDANCE AT HIS

NEW HAIR DRESSING SALOON.

No. 29, Market Street, Near Front.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

Manufacturer of Parisian Brilliantine, Friction and Lotion. Also, Extracts, Colognes, Beautifier, Hair Oils, Tonics, Renewer, Renovator, Hungarian, Cosmetic, and Hair Dyes of Every Shade.

None but the best workmen employed by me. [illegible] 9 tf

AT

GEORGE MYERS'

OLD STAND.

11 & 13 SO FRONT STREET,

CAN BE HAD

Delicacies

FOR THE

Christmas Table.

The New Liquor Department is the best in the State. The Choicest

SHERIES, BRANDIES, CORDIALS AND CHAMPAGNES,

Celebrated PONEY WHISKEY,

BLUE GRASS, and the new brand of Whiskey,

Between The Acts!

Don't fail to look at the fine display of LIQUORS,

FIRE WORKS

AND

FIRE CRACKERS!

MINCE MEAT

AND

PLUMB PUDDING,

And the Choicest

FamilY SupplieS!

Prices will suit as well as goods, at

11 & 13 SO. FRONT ST

Home Made Candy,

PURE AND WHOLESOME

All kinds Made Fresh every day at

C. E. JEVENS,
Second St, 2d door below Post Office.

dec 19 1y

French Confectionary.

I am now prepared to furnish the finest and cheapest assortment of Confectionaries in town at the lowest prices. One thousand pounds of Gum Drops at 12½ cents per lb.

ZIMMERMAN'S,
Cor. Second and Princess Sts.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA, }
ONSLOW COUNTY. }
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT. }

Aaron F. Farnell, Sr., Adm'r. of Mrs. Nancy Hawkins, Against Smith Henderson, Caroline Farmer, Mark L. Henderson and others. } Petition to sell land for payment of debts.

It appearing to the satisfaction of the Court that Mark L. Henderson, one of the defendants in the above entitled action, is not a resident of the State, it is therefore ordered by the Court that publication be made for six weeks in the Wilmington Post, a newspaper published in the city of Wilmington, notifying the said defendant to appear at the office of the Clerk of the Superior Court, for the county of Onslow, on the [illegible] day of April, A. D., 1882, and answer or demur to the complaint. [illegible] my hand and seal of office, this February [illegible], 1882.

A. C. [illegible], Clerk Sup'r Court for Onslow County.

feb [illegible]

New Jewelry Establishment.

J. L. WINNER, NO. 4, S. FRONT Street, Wilmington, N. C.,

Desires to inform the public that he is [illegible]

THE WILMINGTON POST.

WILMINGTON N. C.

SUNDAY MORNING, APRIL 9, 1882.

Let no man fail to send his money at once for the POST. Should he fail to do so his paper will be stopped.

BEAUFORT, N. C., March 29, '82.

EDITOR POST:—The committee appointed have decided on the 20th of May as the day for the reunion of Companies G. and H. of the 10th North Carolina Regiment. The committee would like for members of said Companies to notify the chairman of the committee of their whereabouts.

Very respectfully,
GEO. W. CHARLOTTE, Chm'n.
D. S. SANDERS, Sec'y.

For the Post.

WILMINGTON, N. C., April 4th, '82.

MR. EDITOR:—Please allow me through your columns to state for the information of those concerned, and in answer to divers inquiries of late concerning the matter, that if my memory serves me right there was but one member of the precinct committee declared elected, five others tied (or received the same number of votes) at the primary meeting of the Fourth Ward Republicans prior to our last county convention, that the only elected member of said committee being the late Col. L. E. Rice was subsequently accepted by the convention of precinct committees as the member of the county executive committee from the said ward; that there has been no member of precinct committee of said ward since the death of said Col. L. E. Rice, and consequently no member of the county executive committee from said ward since that time, that my opinion is that the proper course for said Fourth War Republicans to pursue is to meet and elect a precinct committee of three active Republicans who shall elect one of their number chairman, and it remains then for the chairman of the county executive committee to call a convention of the precinct committees of the county to elect a member of that committee from the Fourth ward.

Respectfully, C. P. LOCKEY.

(See section of new plan of organization).

A New Liquor Traffic.

A Washington letter says: Maine authorities have lately found that the liquor men in that state have discovered a new way to evade the prohibitory and punitive laws against the sale and consumption of ardent spirits. In conversation with several members of the Ways and Means Committee, Congressman Dingley explained the new device. It appears that under an old decision of the Supreme Court of the United States, which has since been reaffirmed in several instances, a man may import or may buy from a bonded warehouse any liquor in original packages, and that the importation, sale or purchase of liquor in such original packages cannot be interfered with under color of any state or municipal law or regulation.

The sharp dealers in ardent spirits, therefore, have opened a lively trade by importing in "original packages" whisky, brandy, etc., from the Dominion of Canada. The "original packages" are made small expressly for this trade and the dealers on the borders are advertising by hand bills and otherwise that they can furnish pure liquors at reasonable prices in "original packages" to individuals for their own use. Congressman Dingley expects to appear before the Ways and Means Committee shortly and ask aid to put a stop to their practice, which he says is rapidly increasing the use and consumption of liquor in Maine, in defiance of the state law, and at the same time discouraging American producers of ardent spirits.

What the Drink Does

A woman went to a saloon door, ragged and wretched, her thin dress hanging to her legs with the wet, and draggled with dirt; two children stood by her, holding her ragged dress. A man came out. She said, 'Jem, is my John in there?' 'Yes, ma'am.' 'Tell him I want to see him.' He came out. 'What do you want?' 'I want you to come home; the fire is out, we have no candles, we have not a bit of bread, and the children are crying because they are hungry.' What did he do? Shut his fist and struck the poor creature a fearful blow in the mouth, and sent her staggering into the gutter; and chinking his silver in his pocket, went into the saloon to enjoy himself again. —J. B. Gough.

I tell you, my friends, that a good newspaper is the grandest temporal blessing that God has given to the people in this century. All the people read newspapers. The old man looks for deaths, the young look to the marriages, the stock broker looks to the money column, the importer looks for the shipping, the philosopher looks to the editorial, the unemployed look to the wants, the Christian looks all through to see what God is doing among the nations, and whether the world is really swinging around into the light of the glorious gospel. If one should have nothing during his life in the way of literature but the Bible and Webster's Dictionary, and a good newspaper, he would be fitted for all the duties of this life, and for the happiness of the next.—Talmage.

Have you renewed your subscription? Send in your money at once, or [illegible] will be cut off.

[illegible] is only $2 00 per annum

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

ROCK LIME

FOR BUILDING PURPOSES.

FRESHLY BURNED

DELIVERED IN WILMINGTON

At $1.25 per Barrel.

—ALSO

Agricultural Lime

and Carbonate of Lime.

FRENCH BRO'S.,

Jan. 29—1m Rocky Point, N. C.

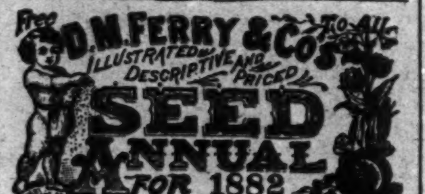
GLOBE SALOON!

16 Market St.

CAPT. JIM MCGOWAN WILL FURNISH the best Whiskey for the Money in the City.

Fine Cigars, Oysters, &c. Call and see him

oct 30 1y



Will be mailed FREE to all applicants, and to customers without ordering it. It contains five colored plates, 600 engravings, about 200 pages, and full descriptions, prices and directions for planting 1500 varieties of Vegetable and Flower Seeds, Plants, Fruit Trees, etc. Invaluable to all. Michigan grown seeds will be found more reliable for planting in the South than those grown in a warmer climate. We make a specialty of supplying Planters, Truckmen and Market Gardeners. Address,

D. M. FERRY & CO., Detroit, Mich.

jan 1 6t eow

NORTH CAROLINA HOUSE,

J. D. STEIJLJES, - - PROPRIETOR.

CORNER SECOND AND PRINCESS STREETS.

CHRISTMAS is at hand. THEESE the Bar tender is always ON HAND, standing ready to serve the finest liquors in the State. A Restaurant attached, where the best the market affords can be found at all hours. The best of cooks and the politest waiters are the only ones we employ.

dec 11 1y

WANTED.

FOUR OR FIVE YOUNG MEN TO CANvass for my Remedies for the Human Race. A handsome income guaranteed to all who perform their duty.

Address PROF. W. H. MOORE.

mch 19-tf

JOYFUL News for Boys and Girls!! Young and Old!! A NEW INVENTION just patented for them, for Home use!

Fret and Scroll Sawing, Turning, Boring, Drilling, Grinding, Polishing, Screw Cutting. Price $5 to $50. Send 6 cents for 100 pages.

EPHRAIM BROWN, Lowell, Mass

jan 1 1y eow

State of North Carolina,
County of New Hanover.
Superior Court.

Virginia B. Matthews, Plaintiff,
vs.
David F. Murchison, Francis O. French, Arthur B. Graves, James S. Wheedbee, and Andrew V. Stout, Committee and Trustees of the First Mortgage Bondholders of the late Carolina Central Railway Company, and William F. Sorey, also such Trustees by substitution, and against John M. Robinson, R. C. Hoffman, and William W. Chamberlain, who claim to have been substituted for the said Stout, Graves, and French or Sorey, respectively, and against the Carolina Central Railroad Company, and David R. Murchison, Kenneth M. Murchison, and William F. Sorey, partners trading under the name and style of Murchison & Co., and D. R. Murchison, styling himself President and Director of said Company, and J. Brauder Matthews, Charles M. Stedman, M. P. Leak, David W. Oates, James S. Wheedbee, R. C. Hoffman, William W. Chamberlain, Rufus S. Tucker, John C. Winder, and John M. Robinson, styling themselves Directors of the said Company, and against The Farmers Loan and Trust Company, of New York, and the Seaboard and Roanoke Railroad Company, and against R. A. Lancaster and numerous other persons claiming to be Stockholders of the said Carolina Central Railroad Company, and The Union Trust Company, of New York, Trustee and J. Brauder Matthews and Charles H. Roberts, Trustees, Defendants.

AT CHAMBERS, WILSON, N. C.,
11th day of March, 1882.

The complaint in this action, duly verified according to law, with the amendment thereto also duly verified, being exhibited before me as an affidavit, and it being moved thereon by Messrs. McRae & Strange and Russell & Ricaud, the Attorneys and Counsel for the Plaintiff for an injunction and the appointment of a Receiver as prayed for in the complaint.

It is therefore considered and ordered that the defendants in this action show cause before me at Goldsboro, at Chambers, on the 12th day of May, 1882, why the temporary injunction as prayed for in the complaint shall not be granted, and why a Receiver as therein prayed for shall not be appointed.

It is further Ordered that the Plaintiff may file any additional affidavits and exhibits on or before the 5th day of April, 1882, provided, the same shall be served upon the said defendants, or their Attorneys, by that date.

And the said defendants may have thereafter to file counter affidavits until the 5th day of May, 1882, provided, the same shall be served upon the plaintiff, or her Attorneys by that date. And that the Clerk of the Superior Court of New Hanover county shall issue copies of this order to be served upon the defendants, according to law.

JOHN A. GILMER, Judge
of Third Judicial District.

State of North Carolina,
New Hanover County,
Superior Court.

I, S. VanAmringe, Clerk Superior Court, in and for the County and State aforesaid, do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true copy from the original on file in my office.

Given under my hand and official seal at Wilmington, North Carolina, this, the 18th March, A. D., 1882.

[S. S.] S. VANAMRINGE,
Clerk Superior Court, New Hanover County, North Carolina.

Mch 28—tt.

THE NEW FURNITURE STORE

OF

Behrends & Munroe

S. E. Cor. Market & Second Streets,

WILMINGTON, N. C.

Would respectfully call the attention of Purchasers of Furniture to their stock [illegible]

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

SCHUTTE'S CAFE,

NO. 3 GRANITE ROW, FRONT STREET.

HAVE OPENED MY FASHIONABLE

RESTAURANT.

I am prepared to take boarders by the

DAY,
WEEK, and
MONTH

First Class Acommodations for Ladies.

The very best will be furnished that can be purchased in this or the

NORTHERN MARKETS.

Liquors, Wines, &c.,

Will be of

SUPERIOR QUALITY.

The City of Wilmington has long needed a First Class and

Fashionable Cafe.

FOR

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN,

And it is my purpose to supply this want.

Meals furnished at all hours of the Day, and up to 12 o'clock at Night.

Conducted on the

EUROPEAN STYLE.

F. A. SCHUTTE,
Proprietor.

november 20—tf

CHAS. KLEIN

Undertaker and Cabinet Maker.

All Orders promptly attended to.

The finest CASKETS, the best WORK and the most LIBERAL TERMS.

Shop on Princess between Front and Second. dec 25-6m

THE LEADING SCIENTISTS OF TO DAY agree that most diseases are caused by disordered Kidneys or Liver. If, therefore, the Kidneys and Liver are kept in perfect order, perfect health will be the result. This truth has only been known a short time and for years people suffered great agony without being able to find relief. The discovery of Warner's Safe Kidney and Liver Cure marks a new era in the treatment of these troubles. Made from a simple tropical leaf of rare value, it contains just the elements necessary to nourish and invigorate both of these great organs, and safely restore and keep them in order. It is a POSITIVE remedy for all the diseases that cause pains in the lower part of the body—for Torpid Liver—Headaches—Jaundice—Dizziness—Gravel—Fever—Ague—Malarial Fever, and all difficulties of the Kidneys, Liver and Urinary Organs.

It is an excellent and safe remedy for females during Pregnancy. It will control Menstruation and is invaluable for Leucorrhoea or Falling of the Womb.

As a Blood Purifier it is unequaled, for it cures the organs that make the blood.

This Remedy, which has done such wonders, is put up in the LARGEST SIZED BOTTLE of any medicine upon the market, and is sold by Druggists and all dealers at $1.25 per bottle. For Diabetes, enquire for WARNER'S SAFE DIABETES CURE. It is a POSITIVE REMEDY.

H. H. Warner & Co.,
Rochester, N. Y.

OUR CONTINENT

"In that New World which is the Old."

A New Illustrated Weekly Journal,

Devoted to

LITERATURE, GENERAL INFORMATION, ART, SCIENCE AND HUMOR,

Conducted by

ALBION W. TOURGEE,

Author of "A Fool's Errand," "Bricks Without Straw," "Figs and Thistles," etc.,

Assisted by

DANIEL G. BRINTON AND ROBERT S. DAVIS.

Published Feb. 1, 1882. For Sale by all Booksellers, News Dealers and Postmasters.

TERMS: $4.00 a Year; $2.00 Six Months.

Published by

"OUR CONTINENT" Publishing Co.
Philadelphia, Penn.

J. C. SCOTT,

Boot and Shoe Maker,

SHOPS ON PRINCESS BETWEEN Third and Fourth, and on Front between Market and Princess streets. Best workmen employed. Work done on shortest notice. Second-handed shoes bought for Cash. A Confectionery stand attached. Call and see me.

dec 25 1y

AGENTS WANTED for the only fine large steel Portrait

GARFIELD.

Engraved in Line and Stipple from a photograph approved by Mrs. Garfield as a correct likeness. A beautiful work of art. [illegible]

MISCELLANEOUS.

Richmond and Petersburg Railroad Co

COMMENCING Sunday, AUG. 28, 1881, trains on this road will run as follows.

LEAVE RICHMOND—SOUTH.

3:10 P. M., Fast Mail daily, makes through connections for Savannah. Stops only at Petersburg. Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars between Milford, Va., and Charleston.

11.50 A. M., THROUGH MAIL daily connecting for Raleigh, Charleston, Augusta, Aiken, Savannah, & Jacksonville. Stops at Shops, Chester, Centralia, Drewry's Bluff, on signal. Pullman Sleeper between New York and Charleston on this train.

6:00 P. M., Freight Daily (except Sunday).

7:20 A. M., Freight daily (except Sunday).

LEAVE PETERSBURG—NORTH.

4:15 A. M., Fast Mail daily. Stops only at Chester. Pullman Sleepers between Charleston and Milford, Va.

7:30 A. M., Freight daily (except Sunday).

3:30 P. M., Through Mail daily connecting with Richmond, Fredericksburg and Potomac Railroad for all points east and west. Also making connection with Chesapeake and Ohio Railroad for the Virginia Springs and all points north and west. This train stops at Manchester Chester and Centralia. Pullman Sleepers on this train between Charleston and New York.

5:00 P. M., Freight, daily (except Sunday.)

A direct four hours connection is made between Richmond and Norfolk, by trains leaving Richmond 11.50 A. M. and Norfolk 12.25 P. M.

All trains leaving Petersburg will start from the Appomattox Depot.

SUNDAY EXCURSION TRAINS leave Richmond at 9.00 A. M., and 5.15 P. M. Leave Petersburg at 9.00 A. M., and 5.15 P. M. every Sunday.

T. D. KLINE,
Superintendent.

A. POPE, G. P. & T. Agent.

june 26 tf

PETERSBURG R.R.Co

LOOK! LOOK! LOOK!

All Classes and Conditions Can Travel.

GREATLY REDUCED RATES ON THE PETERSBURG RAIL ROAD.

You can go from Ream's to Petersburg and back for 60 cents.

From Stony Creek to Petersburg and back for $1.25.

From Jarratt's to Petersburg and back for $1.95.

From Belfield to Petersburg and back for $2.55.

From Pleasant Hill to Petersburg and back for $3.25.

From Garysburg to Petersburg and back for $3.60.

From Weldon to Petersburg and back for $3.90.

Take care to ask the Agent at the Stations for the sort of ticket you want.

You cannot get the Round Trip Tickets on the Cars.

Get full information from the Agents, and notice the conditions and limits on your tickets; they will be strictly adhered to.

W. P. TAYLOR,
General Ticket Agent.

Petersburg, Va., July 1st, 1881. jy 24-tf

FAST MAIL AND PASSENGER ROUTE TO THE NORTH AND EAST, VIA. THE RICHMOND, FREDERICKSBURG AND POTOMAC RAILROAD

Entire trains run through from Wilmington to Washington, via. this route without change.

Leave Wilmington, [W & W R R.] daily at..........6.50 a m and 8.40 p m
Leave Richmond..........5 " " 8.12 a m Sunday excepted.
Arrive at Washington at [illegible] m and 1.10 p m, Sunday excepted.
Arrive at Baltimore at [illegible] and 3.05 p m, Sunday excepted.
Arrive at Philadelphia at [illegible] m and 6 50 p m, Sunday excepted.
Arrive at New York at 6. [illegible] and 10.05 p m, Sunday excepted.

Pullman Palace Sleeping cars on the 6.50 a. m. trains to New York, and on the 8.40 p m. trains to Washington.

C. A. TAYLOR,
General Ticket Agent.

E. T. D. MYERS, Gen'l. Supt.

mch 21 tf

1882.

Harper's Young People

AN ILLUSTRATED WEEKLY—16 PAGES.

SUITED TO BOYS AND GIRLS OF FROM SIX TO SIXTEEN YEARS OF AGE.

Vol. III. commences November 1, 1881.

NOW IS THE TIME TO SUBSCRIBE.

The YOUNG PEOPLE has been from the first successful beyond anticipation.—N. Y. Evening Post.

It has a distinct purpose to which it steadily adheres—that, namely, of supplanting the vicious papers for the young with a paper more attractive, as well as more wholesome.—Boston Journal.

For neatness, elegance of engraving, and contents generally, it is unsurpassed by any publication of the kind yet brought to our notice.—Pittsburgh Gazette.

Its weekly visits are eagerly looked for, not only by the children, but also by parents who are anxious to provide pure literature for their girls and boys.—Christian Advocate, Buffalo, N. Y.

A weekly paper for children which parents need not fear to let their children read at the family fireside.—Hartford Daily Times.

Just the paper to take the eye and secure the attention of the boys and girls.—Springfield Union.

TERMS.

HARPER'S YOUNG PEOPLE, Per Year, Postage Prepaid, } $1 50.

SINGLE NUMBERS Four Cents each.

The Bound Volume for 1881 will be ready early in November. Price $3 00; postage prepaid. Cover for YOUNG PEOPLE for 1881, 35 cents; postage 13 cents additional.

Remittances should be made by Post-Office Money Order or Draft, to avoid chance of loss.

Newspapers are not to copy this advertisement without the express order of HARPER & BROTHERS.

Address
HARPER & BROTHERS, New York.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA,
NEW HANOVER COUNTY,
SUPERIOR COURT.

Thomas J. Southerland in behalf of himself and all other creditors of Mike Hooper, deceased, Plaintiff,
Against
Johnson Hooper, Administrator of the Estate of Mike Hooper, deceased, Defendant.

THE CREDITORS of the estate of Mike Hooper, deceased, are hereby notified that a Creditors' Bill has this day been filed by the Plaintiff against the Defendant, to secure a settlement of the intestate's estate according to law. All creditors of the estate are hereby further notified to appear before the undersigned, at his office in the city of Wilmington, on or before Monday, February [illegible], and file the evidence of their claims, or they will be prevented from participating in the assets of said estate.

S. VANAMRINGE, Clerk Superior Court
jan [illegible] New Hanover County.

CLUB ROOMS,

SECOND STREET, BETWEEN MARKET AND PRINCESS STREETS.

FINE STOCK OF WINES, LIQUORS, Lager, and Rochester Beer, Cigars and Tobacco. [illegible]

[illegible] Prop.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

792 LOTS

ON

17TH STREET,

BETWEEN

MARKET & MULBERRY

STREETS.

Size, 30 Feet Front

BY

380 Feet Deep.

I WILL SELL THE

LOT OF LAND

On 17th St., between Market and Mulberry Strees in Lots of

30 by 80 Feet,

For one-fourth cash, balance in 1, 2 and 3 Years' time.

THE LOCATION

Of this Property is in the North-western part of Wilmington.

The Lots

Are high and level, and the fact that the City cannot tax them makes the investment more desirable.

LOTS

In other parts of the City, also, for sale.

Apply in person, or by letter, to

W. P. CANADAY,
Wilmington, N. C.

MISCELLANEOUS.

THE METROPOLITAN HOUSE.

EUROPEAN PLAN.

Board and Lodging furnished $1.00 per day.

Meals at all hours—15 to 35 cents, as per order.

Oysters in season, and in every style.

Choice tables, furnished in everything the market affords.

The traveling public attended, and meals sent to any part of the city desired at short notice.

Polite and attentive waiters always in attendance.

Cart-yard also connected with the House.

Families furnished at their residences with meals, daily. Orders by Postal Card for meals received; charge, delivered, 30 cts. each.

RATES FOR FAMILIES.

One person, 2 meals a day, per week..... $2.75
" " 3 " " " " 3.25
Luncheon, in neat packages .... 15 cents.

PROMPT DELIVERY.

We invite our patrons to examine our cooking department daily, as to its cleanliness, &c.

RICHARD WILLIAMS, (formerly of the National and Commercial Hotels) Caterer and Cook.

ROBERT JACKSON, Porter and Head Waiter.

Located in the centre of the City, on Market Street, between Second and Third, Wilmington, N. C. JOS. C. HILL,
oct 30-tf Proprietor.

NASBY IN EUROPE.

May 14th Mr. D. R. Locke, (Rev. Petroleum V. Nasby) will sail for Europe, for the purpose of contributing a series of Letters to the TOLEDO BLADE. These letters will cover a period of six months, commencing June 1st.

They will be written in Mr. Nasby's peculiar vein, and will be as lively as he can make them.

THE

Toledo Weekly Blade

is the LARGEST Political and Family paper in the United States, and in addition to this feature, contains a dozen others, known to and approved by a majority of the families in every State and Territory.

TERMS:

For Three Months, post-paid, - .50 cts.
For Six Months, - - - $1.00.

NASBY PORTRAIT FREE.

Every subscriber to the BLADE, during the publication of Mr. Locke's European Letters, for either three or six months, will receive free of charge a splendid

PORTRAIT OF MR. LOCKE,

in size and style similar to the one of President Garfield which we issued last summer. This portrait in the picture stores would sell for 50 cts. It will not be put upon the market at all, and can only be had by subscribers to the BLADE.

Those desiring these letters complete and the portrait, will do well to send their orders early. We shall print an extra edition, to be able to send back numbers, but the supply will doubtless be exhausted in a month. Send your orders immediately.

Specimen copies of the BLADE mailed to any address upon application. Send your subscription at once. Address

BLADE CO.,
Toledo O.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE CHEAP.

HOUSES AND LOTS

OR

BUILDING LOTS

IN DESIRABLE LOCATIONS.

Apply to W. P. CANADAY.

B. D. MORILL,

Undertaker, Carpenter and Cabinet Maker.

On Second Between Princess and Chestnut Streets.

WILL FURNISH COFFINS, CASKETS, with attendance, at the very shortest notice.

All orders from the country promptly attended to.

Orders for Carpenter and Cabinet Work solicited, and work guaranteed.

Work as low as any in the city.

dec 7-tf

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA, COUNTY OF NEW HANOVER.

SUPERIOR COURT.

IN PURSUANCE OF A DECREE OF THE Superior Court of New Hanover County at Fall Term 1881, in an action pending therein between [illegible] as Plaintiff and [illegible] McLeod, Administrator [illegible] McLeod, [illegible] McLeod and John W. McLeod as Defendants, the undersigned as Commissioner appointed by said Decree will sell for cash at the Court House door, in the city of Wilmington, on Monday, the [illegible] day of May, 1882, the following described lot of land in said city: [illegible]

[illegible] Commissioner.

RAILROADS.

Carolina Central Railroad Company.

OFFICE GEN'L SUPERINTENDENT
WILMINGTON, N. C., Dec. 30, 1881.

CHANGE OF SCHEDULE.

ON and after JAN. 1, 1882, the following Schedule will be operated on this Railroad:

PASSENGER, MAIL AND EXPRESS TRAIN: DAILY.

No. 1 } Leave Wilmington..........5.20 P M
No. 1 } Arrive at Charlotte at.......3.30 A M

No. 2 } Leave Charlotte at.........10.10 P M
No. 2 } Arrive at Wilmington at 7.33 A M

Trains No. 1 and 2, stop at regular stations only, and points designated in the Company's Time Table.

PASSENGER AND FREIGHT.

Daily except Sundays.

No. 5 } Leave Wilmington at.........5:40 A. M
No. 5 } Arrive at Charlotte at........7:35 P. M

No. 6 } Leave Charlotte at............4:15 A. M
No. 6 } Arrive at Wilmington at...5:35 P. M

SHELBY DIVISION, PASSENGER, MAIL, EXPRESS AND FREIGHT.

Daily except Sundays.

Leave Charlotte..............................8:00 A. M
Arrive at Shelby..............................12:00 M
Leave Shelby..................................1:00 P. M
Arrive at Charlotte..........................5:00 P. M

Trains No. 1 and 2 make close connection at Hamlet with R. & A. Trains to and from Raleigh, and at Charlotte with Shelby Division Train.

Through Sleeping Cars between Wilmington and Charlotte and Raleigh and Charlotte.

Train No. 1 makes connection at Charlotte with A., T. & O. R. R., for Statesville, connecting there with W. N. C. R. R. for all points on said Road.

Trains Nos. 1 and 5 make connection at Charlotte with A. & C. R. R. for Spartanburg, Greenville, Athens, Atlanta and all points beyond.

Train No. 6 makes close connection at Wilmington with W. & W. R. R. for points North.

Train No. 2 makes close connection with W., C. & A. R. R.

V. Q. JOHNSON,
jan. 8 tf General Superintendent.

PETERSBURG RAILROAD COMPANY,
OFFICE GENERAL SUPERINTENDENT,
PETERSBURG, VA., March 28, 1882.

NOTICE TO SHIPPERS.

The freight trains on this road leaving Petersburg at 6:30 A. M. and Weldon at 2:36 P. M. are discontinued until further notice.

R. M. SULLY,
apl 2-4t General Superintendent.

PETERSBURG RAILROAD COMPANY,
OFFICE GENERAL SUPERINTENDENT,
PETERSBURG, VA., March 28, 1882.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

On and after SUNDAY, APRIL 2ND, Passenger trains now leaving Petersburg at 11:06 P. M. and Weldon at 4:00 A. M. will be discontinued.

R. M. SULLY,
apl 2-4t General Superintendent.

OFFICE GENERAL SUPERINTENDENT
PETERSBURG RAILROAD COMPANY,
PETERSBURG, VA., March 30, 1882.

COMMENCING SUNDAY, APRIL 2, 1882, trains on this road will run as follows:

GOING SOUTH.

BOSTON AND SAVANNAH FAST MAIL.

Leave Petersburg daily (Wash'n st. depot) at..............................4.00 P. M
(Stops only at Belfield.)
Arrive at Weldon at...........................5:54 P. M

NEW YORK EXPRESS.

Leave Petersburg daily (Wash'n st. depot) at..............................1.00 P. M
Arrive at Weldon at...........................3.19 P. M

FREIGHT.

Leave Petersburg daily (Wash'n st. depot) at..............................12:00 M.
Arrive at Weldon..............................5:42 P. M.

GOING NORTH.

BOSTON AND SAVANNAH FAST MAIL.

Leave Weldon daily at....................1:30 A. M
Arrive at Petersburg at....................3:42 A. M

NEW YORK EXPRESS.

Leave Weldon daily at....................1.10 P. M
Arrive at Petersburg at....................3.21 P. M

FREIGHT.

Leave Weldon daily at....................6.30 P. M
Arrive at Petersburg at....................10.54 P. M

Sleeping cars and first class coaches on night and day trains.

No change of cars between Wilmington and Washington.

Through tickets sold to all Eastern and Southern points and baggage checked through.

Passengers going south will purchase tickets and check baggage at Washington street depot.

Passengers going north and stopping at Petersburg, will claim their baggage at Washington street depot.

R. M. SULLY, Gen'l Supt.
W. P. TAYLOR, Gen'l Ticket Agent.
W. J. BROWN Dispatcher of Trains.
feb 12-tf

Greater Inducements

TO

PURCHASERS OF GROCERIES!

MAY BE FOUND

At the Large Wholesale Establishment

OF

Adrian & Vollers,

AT

S. E. Corner Front and Dock Sts

Than can possibly be offered elsewhere.

AND IN THEIR STOCK!

WILL BE FOUND

Every Thing in the Grocery Line

That a Dealer or Consumer needs.

[illegible] Solicitations for the Country [illegible]

THE WILMINGTON POST.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

SUNDAY MORNING, APRIL 9, 1882.

Important to Subscribers.

We will not carry dead heads on our list. Send in your subscription or your paper will fail to reach you.

For the Post.

The Situation and its Intelligent Demands.

Revolutions never go backward, and necessarily so, for the good of the populace, is as true to-day as it was when first written, and I take it to be equally so, respecting the situation which I am about to discuss, as the facts in the case present themselves to the "mind of common sense." It is now generally understood that the Hon. W. P. Canaday, that champion and fearless advocate of the constitutional rights for the working men of North Carolina, irrespective of color or previous condition, has resigned the position so honorably filled by him as collector of customs for the port of Wilmington; that he faithfully and honorably performed the important and responsible duties, which the position imposed, none dare gainsay, and when he had gathered around him his aids and given them positions which would enable them to give their families bread, be it to his credit said, the negro was not left out in the cold. That he has given more negroes official positions than any other officeholder in North Carolina cannot be successfully contradicted; and that there are many who are holding positions given them by the government and furthermore got(?) those positions only through the negroes' influences, whom they claim to represent, when interrogated, but have so palpably misrepresented. These men could have helped this hewer of wood and drawer of water in the same proportion that Mr. Canaday has, but have failed to let us see a consummation of their burdensome promises which have well nigh weighted us in the dust of disappointed aspiration, in consequence of which have fallen short in the number of diadems with which we are proud to be enabled to deck the crown of the Hon. W. P. Canaday in honor of his valuable services and faithfully kept promises, I would like to say to these gentlemen that we live in a new age, pregnant with intelligence and moral independence, and that we propose to scan their future acts with the eye of an eagle, and weigh them in the balance of their own choice. While we welcome Mr. Canaday in to the important field of journalism unencumbered with office and its responsibilities, that he may give full vent to a free expression of conscience and move the knight to any part of the political chess board when the interest of the people he so ably represents, demand it. And as he is now free we congratulate him, in view of the fact that when he gets ready to shove the quill he will not first have to consult the advice of any official save *vox populi*, and to remember:

They were made to exalt us—to teach us to
  bless
Those invincible brothers—the pen and the
  press.

Our greatest need in North Carolina is a staunch Republican paper, honest in its support and fearless in its advocacy of the principles which underlie our Republican institutions, and the Wilmington POST fills the bill. The poor men of North Carolina look forward to its coming with deepest interest, because he knows its columns are crowded with truths expressive of the situation and fearless in their advocacy of their rights as citizens under the laws, in common with other men regardless of color or previous condition of servitude. May the POST continue its well-begun course of arraignment until every North Carolinian shall be recognized as a citizen, clothed with those constitutional prerogatives of which the framers of the constitution of North Carolina once boasted were enjoyed by every citizen of the Old North State. Why did Mr. Canaday resign in favor of Mr. Pennypacker? and who is he? is the apt interrogation of to-day. Indorsements are valuable only in proportion to the character and valuable services rendered in a like position by the indorser, and therefore it is but fair to conclude that Mr. Canaday in his indorsement of the above named gentleman is thoroughly satisfied as to the efficiency and character of the gentleman represented; otherwise he would never have indorsed him, inasmuch as this is the home of that honorable gentleman, and which he is trying so faithfully to elevate and sustain in this hour of her greatest need. If we have answered the former let us, since we know something of Mr. Pennypacker, speak of him, as Cromwell would have had us to have done; for you will remember that when he went to sit for a painting of himself, he said to the artist: "Paint me as I am; if you leave out the scars and the wrinkles I will not pay you a shilling." We commend the appointment of Mr. Pennypacker and think it exceptionally good. We cannot know him by orations delivered in the halls of the nation nor by his oft repeated assertions of his fidelity to the people so long but faithfully served by the retired collector. No, his praises come not from his own life, but from his own silent but successful works and noble deeds; a Republican indeed as in name and an advocate of the constitutional rights for the negro and a friend of the oppressed. His appointment can but meet the hearty approval of the people of this district. Success to his ministration and a bright future for the POST.

More anon,
M. W. H. BRANCH

PLAN OF ORGANIZATION.

Rules and Regulations for the Organization of the Republican Party of North Carolina:

We republish below the plan of organization adopted by the Republican State Convention in 1880, which will have to be carried out during the present campaign, and the Republicans of the state will do well to study it so as to be able to carry it out.

I. County Organization.—The election precinct shall be the unit of county organization. Each precinct shall have an executive committee consisting of three active Republicans. They shall be biennially chosen by the Republican voters of the precinct, and shall elect one of their number chairman. They shall convene together at such time and place as the majority of them may elect. They shall biennially elect a county executive committee, to consist of not less than five members, who shall elect a chairman from their number. Vacancies in precinct committees shall be filled by the voters of the precinct, and in county committees by a convention of the precinct committees duly called: *Provided*, that in case a vacancy occurs within thirty days prior to an election, such vacancy may be filled by the vote of the remaining members.

II. Congressional, Judicial and Senatorial Districts.—There shall be a Congressional, Judicial and Senatorial District Committee, composed of not less than one member from each county, nor less than seven members, biennially elected by the several district conventions, each of whom shall elect a chairman from their number: *Provided*, that a senatorial district committee shall only be elected in districts embracing more than one county. Vacancies occurring within thirty days of an election may be filled by the vote of the committee.

III. State Executive Committee.—There shall be a State Executive Committee, composed of one member from each Congressional District in the state, to be designated by the district delegations in State Convention assembled; two members at large, to be elected by the State Convention, and the chairman of the convention at which the election is held. They shall be biennially elected at the State Convention, shall choose one of their number chairman, and shall elect a secretary who is not a member, who shall reside at Raleigh.

IV. The chairman of the respective county, district and State Executive Committees shall call their conventions to order and act as temporary chairmen until a permanent organization is affected, with power only to appoint, and receive the report of, a committee on credentials.

V. No executive committee shall have power to elect or appoint delegates to any convention, whether county, district, State or National.

VI. No member of an executive committee or delegate or alternate duly chosen shall have power to delegate his trust or authority to another.

VII. Representation.—Representation in county conventions shall consist of three Republican voters as delegates, and three as alternates, from each precinct in the county, and no more.

VIII. Representation in Congressional, Judicial, Senatorial and State Conventions shall consist of two delegates and two alternates only, for every member of the lower House of the General Assembly and shall be apportioned in the several counties accordingly.

IX. Delegates and alternates to county conventions shall be elected only by a vote of the Republicans of each precinct in precinct meeting assembled; and delegates and alternates to district, State and National conventions shall be elected by a convention of delegates duly elected and sent by the people for that purpose after due notice and publication of not less than fifteen days, of the time, place and purpose of such convention, and not otherwise.

X. The certificate of the chairman and secretary of the meeting, setting forth regularity of the primary meeting or convention, and the election of the delegate and alternate thereat, shall be accepted, when uncontested, as a good and sufficient credential for such delegate and alternate.

XI. This plan of organization and procedure shall continue in force until changed or abrogated by a subsequent Republican State Convention.

Adopted in State Convention, July 8, 1880.

ROBESON CO., N. C., April 6, '82.

EDITOR POST:—The people are tired of seeing every office given to Democrats. Those who have been entrusted with the leadership of the Republican party in Robeson county for the last five or six years have made themselves famous by recommending Democrats for appointment to offices, in preference to Republicans. Since the management of the Republican party of Robeson county left the hands of Col. James Sinclair and John Holloway, Esq., it may with truth be said, there has been no Republican party in the county.—We have been supporting a band of hungry politicians, known as "independents" and composed of the dirtiest element of the Democratic party; many of whom were kicked out of that party for political heresies and inconsistencies, and other disappointed and disgruntled office seekers and place hunters who have no broader claim to political ambition than to disorganize and disgrace the Republican party and "keep the nigger out," and no higher desire to promote the welfare of the county and state than to grab "fat" from the pap of office, and then turn and work against the success of the Republican party ever afterward. Shame shame! Yet these gentlemen (the leaders) claim to be Republicans, friends of the colored man and poor whites. The only postoffices in the county, Lumberton, Red Banks and Shoe Heel are filled with Democrats. The one at Lumberton, its nominal head, claims to be a Republican, yet he keeps, and ever has kept, a Democratic deputy. The Republicans of Robeson county intend to rebuke this wholesale misconduct on the part of these men during 1882. Messrs. Proctor and Hayes must be taught to cease recommending Democrats for all the offices they cannot fill themselves. Every colored man who attempts to raise his head above the political surface, whatever his qualifications or other attainments may be, these gentlemen go to work in order to prejudice the colored people, who constitute 90 per cent of the Republican party in the county, against him; in this way they keep all deserving colored men down, and then easily manage everything to suit themselves. But the people have commenced thinking; white and colored Republicans propose to change the programme, better men must come to the front and assume the lead. When this is done the Republican principles will be upheld; the party will take its former position, and will be crowned with as glorious a Republican victory as when under the leadership of the noble and patriotic Sinclair and Holloway. Yours for true Republican principles.

MAN IN THE DOOR.

On Sunday last Gov. Holden was paralyzed. On Tuesday he had a second stroke which rendered him unconscious. The sad news was a great shock to thousands of people in this state. The name of Gov. Holden for forty years has been closely connected with the history of North Carolina. His powerful pen has made alive and killed many a public measure, and hundreds of public men are alive who were shaped by his influence. He was shorn of political rights and privileges by this state as a punishment for his efforts to suppress the ku klux.

Mr. R. M. Proud, internal revenue collector at Baltimore has received a letter from Commissioner Raum, stating that the annual examinations of collectors' offices throughout the United States for the five years ended June 30, 1881, shows that every dollar collected from internal taxes has been accounted for, the entire amount being $602,310,787.12, of which $11,432,870,-71 was collected in the third district of Maryland.

A PRISONER'S JOKE.—The sheriff of Dallas county, Iowa, wears shabby clothes, and is insignificant in appearance. He had occasion to take a portly, well-dressed prisoner to the penitentiary. The convict, when they came into the Warden's office, coolly remarked, "Here's a man for you," and handed over the sheriff to be locked up. The trick was not successful; yet the sheriff had to submit to detention until his identity could be established.

WILMINGTON MARKETS.

April 3.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.—The market opened firm at 58 cents per gallon bid and 59 cents asked. Sales reported later of 125 casks at 58 cents, closing steady.

ROSIN.—The market opened firm at $1 92½ for Strained and $1 97½ for Good Strained, with sales on private terms, supposed to be at quotations.

TAR.—Market firm at $1 75 per bbl of 280 lbs, with sales at quotations.

CRUDE TURPENTINE.—Market firm at $2 25 for Hard, $3 50 for Yellow Dip and $2 80 per bbl for C and VI (mixed and dry Virgin). Sales at quotations.

COTTON.—Market quoted dull, with sales of 125 bales on a basis of 11⅛c per lb for Middling. The following were the official quotations of the day:

Ordinary,	8 15 16	cts ℔	lb
Good Ordinary,	10 5-16	"	"
Low Middling	11 3-16	"	"
Middling,	11⅛	"	"
Good Middling	12	"	"

RECEIPTS.

Cotton	31 bales.
Spirits Turpentine,	181 casks.
Rosin,	1351 bbls.
Tar,	330 "
Crude Turpentine.	10 "

April 4.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.—The market opened firm at 58 cents per gallon, with sales reported of 100 casks at that figure, 65 do. at 59 cents, and 67 do at 60 cents; closing strong at the latter figure, with no stock on market.

ROSIN.—The market was firm at $1 92½ for Strained, and $1 97½ for Good Strained, with sales reported of 500 bbls Good Strained at $1 97½, and other sales at quotations.

TAR—Market firm at $1 75 per bbl of 280 lbs, with sales at quotations.

CRUDE TURPENTINE.—Market firm at $2 25 for Hard, $3 50 for Yellow Dip and $2 80 per bbl for C and VI (mixed and dry Virgin). Sales at quotations.

COTTON—Market quoted steady, with sales of 65 bales on a basis of 11⅛c per lb for Middling. The following were the official quotations of the day:

Ordinary,	8 15-16 cts	℔	lb
Good Ordinary,	10 5 16	"	"
Low Middling,	11 3-16	"	"
Middling,	11⅛	"	"
Good Middling.	12	"	"

RECEIPTS.

Cotton,	57 bales
Spirits turpentine,	102 casks
Rosin,	2181 bbls
Tar,	341 "
Crude turpentine.	166 "

April 5.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.—The market opened at 60 cents per gallon bid, quiet. On 'Change the price named was 61 cents; 70 casks were offered at 62 cents and taken; then 25 casks were sold at 62½ cents, followed by a sale of 25 casks at 62¾ cents, and finally 25 do. at 63 cents; closing firm at 63 cents, the sales and resales amounting in the aggregate to about 200 casks.

ROSIN—The market was firm at $1 92½ for Strained, and $1 97½ for Good Strained, with sales as offered.

TAR—Market firm at $1 75 per bbl of 280 lbs, with sales at quotations.

CRUDE TURPENTINE—Market firm at $2 50 for Hard, $3 75 for Yellow Dip and $3 00 per bbl for C and VI (mixed and dry Virgin). Sales at quotations:

COTTON.—Market quoted steady, with small sales on a basis of 11⅛ cents per lb for Middling. The following were the official quotations of the day:

Ordinary,	8 15-16	cts	℔	lb
Good Ordinary,	10 5-16	"	"	"
Low Middling,	11 3-16	"	"	"
Middling	11⅛	"	"	"
Good Middling.	12	"	"	"

RECEIPTS.

Cotton,	168 bales
Spirits Turpentine,	118 casks
Rosin,	1085 bbls
Tar,	933 bbls
Crude Turpentine.	58 bbls

April 6.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.—The market opened firm at 64 cents per gallon, with sales reported of 60 casks at that price.

ROSIN—The market was firm at $1 92½ for Strained, and $1 97½ for Good Strained, with sales as offered.

TAR—Market firm at $1 75 per bbl of 280 lbs, with sales at quotations.

CRUDE TURPENTINE—Market firm at $2 60 for Hard, $4 00 for Yellow Dip and $3 20 per bbl for C and VI (mixed and dry Virgin), with sales at quotations.

COTTON.—Market quoted steady, with small sales on a basis of 11⅛c per lb for Middling. The following were the official quotations of the day:

Ordinary,	8 15-16	cts	℔ lb
Good Ordinary	10 5 16	"	"
Low Middling,	11 3-16	"	"
Middling,	11⅛	"	"
Good Middling.	12	"	"

RECEIPTS.

Cotton,	166 bales
Spirits Turpentine	97 casks
Rosin,	1512 bbls
Tar,	482 bbls
Crude Turpentine.	153 bbls

April 8.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—Market dull and nominal. Last sales at 64 cents per gallon.

ROSIN.—Market firm at $1 92½ for Strained and $1 97½ for Good Strained. Sales of 1,000 bbls at quotations.

TAR—Market firm at $1 75 per bbl of 280 lbs, with sales at that figure.

CRUDE TURPENTINE.—Market firm, with sales at $2 35 for Hard, and $4 00 for Soft.

COTTON.—Market dull, with small sales on a basis of 11⅛c per lb. The following were the quotations:

Ordinary,	8 15-16	cts	℔ lb
Good Ordinary,	10 5-16	"	"
Low Middling,	11 3-16	"	"
Middling,	11⅛	"	"
Good Middling.	12	"	"

April 8.

TIMBER.—Market steady, with sales during the week at $12 to 15.25 for shipping, fine shipping and extra shipping; $7.50 to $8.50 for Mill Prime, $6.50 to $7 for Mill Fair, $5 to $6 for Common Mill and $4 for Inferior to Ordinary.

RECEIPTS.

Cotton,	96 bales
Spirits Turpentine	252 casks
Rosin,	4342 bbls
Tar,	888 bbls
Crude Turpentine	280 bbls

PROF. MOORE'S VALUABLE REMEDIES.

ANNOUNCEMENT TO MY FRIENDS.

WHAT I HAVE DONE AND AM DOING.

SEE CERTIFICATES BELOW.

Prof. W. H. Moore will soon take a trip through Pitt, Martin and Beaufort counties for the purpose of relieving the afflicted. All who desire to enjoy life should see or write him for his celebrated Medicine.

Address, Prof. W. H. MOORE,
Tarboro, N. C.

PROF. W. H. MOORE:

Dear Sir—I am well pleased with your Ointment that I bought of you. It has cured my feet. I have been frost-bitten for 10 years, I have not had rest until I tried your Ointment. I can't tell the worth of this Ointment. I tried everything. Nothing cured but this.

Yours,
W. H. DOGGETT.

This is to certify the public generally that the Liniment sold by Prof. W. H. Moore, under the name of O. K., is a good article, [illegible] I have used it and it gave me permanent relief. I do cheerfully recommend it.

JULIUS F. JONES,
Sheriff of Carteret Co.

December, 28th, [illegible]

I have used Dr. Wm. H. Moore's O. K. Liniment, and I have found it [illegible]

W. L. [illegible]

[Cure of bad case of Scrofula on the face.]

WILMINGTON, N. C., Feb. 10, 1881.

PROF. W. H. MOORE—Dear Sir.—I think it a duty I owe to you and my fellow creatures who are suffering, to make known the wonderful effects your medicines have had on me, hoping all who are troubled with a humor in their blood will give it a trial. I am confident from practical experience that if persons will follow the directions and give it a fair trial, that it will cure any one that has disease of like character. I suffered with Scrofula for 19 years; the pain it gave me no mortal man knows. I was in agony all of the time. I used to think if I did not use every remedy, and let any pass, that was the very one to cure me. But at last the angel appeared in your great medicine, and am most happy to state your remedies have done the work for me. It is the great blessing, and I am now as free from the disease as I was before I was taken with it.

(Signed) JOHN C. DAVIS.
Witness: J. C. Millis, J. P.

CRAVEN CO., October 15, 1881.

PROF. WM. H. MOORE—Dear Sir.—This is what I have to say: I have been suffering with a very large wen on the back of my neck. I suffered, oh! how I suffered; the pain it gave me no mortal man can tell. For 26 years I was in this condition; I could not even get on my knees to pray; I had to sit up in my chair. My owners, to whom I belonged, tried every physician that was around, but found no relief. Afterwards they concluded it was incurable. Hearing of the new Dr. Wm. H. Moore, I thought I would try once more; I did so, and can get on my knees now as good as ever. It has gone entirely and I am now well as ever.

MRS. ELIZABETH KENNEDY.
Witness: Philip Wiggins, Diver Hargett.

NEW-BERNE, N. C., Aug. 27, 1881.

PROF. WM. H. MOORE—Dear Sir.—Your Indian Powders is not a good medicine to sell; one box cures too many people. I purchased a box of you, which cured me and my family of bowel complaint in two days; and a great many of my neighbors have been cured from the same box to my knowledge.

Rev. Z. T. PEARSALL,
Pastor A. M. E. Zion Church.

Wilmington & Weldon R. R. Company.

OFFICE GENERAL SUPERINTENDENT,
Wilmington, N. C., April 2, 1882.

CHANGE OF SCHEDULE.

ON and after April 2, 1882, at 6:40 a. m. Passenger Trains on the W. & W. Railroad will run as follows:

DAY MAIL AND EXPRESS TRAIN
Daily—Nos. 47 North and 48 South.

Leave Wilmington, Front Street Depot at.......6 40 A M
Arrive at Weldon.......12.50 P M
Leave Weldon.......3.37 P M
Arrive at Wilmington, Front St. Depot.......9.55 P M

FAST THROUGH MAIL AND PASSENGER TRAINS, Daily—Nos. 47 North and 48 South.

Leave Wilmington, Front Street Depot at.......6.15 P M
Arrive at Weldon.......1:05 A M
Leave Weldon.......6:10 P M
Arrive at Wilmington, Front Street Depot.......11.55 P M

Train No 43 North will stop only at Rocky Point, Burgaw, Magnolia, Warsaw, Mount Olive, Dudley, Godsboro, Wilson, Rocky Mount, Enfield and Halifax.

Train No 40 South will stop only at Rocky Mount, Wilson, Goldsboro and Magnolia

Train No. 47 makes close connection at Weldon for all points North Daily. All rail via Richmond, and daily except Sunday via Bay Line.

Train No. 43 runs daily and makes close connection for all points north via Richmond and Washington.

All trains run solid between Wilmington and Washington, and have Pullman Palace Sleepers attached.

JOHN F. DIVINE,
General Sup't.
A. POPE, Gen'l Passenger Agent.
march 26-tf

GEN. SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE

Wilmington, Columbia & Augusta R. R. Company.

WILMINGTON, N. C., April 2, 1882.

CHANGE OF SCHEDULE

ON AND AFTER April 2, 1882, at 7.20 A. M., the following Passenger Schedule will be run on this road:

NIGHT EXPRESS TRAIN (Daily)
Nos. 48 West and 47 East.

Leave Wilmington.......10.15 P M
Leave Florence.......2.50 A M
Arrive at C. C. & A. Junction.......5.55 A M
Arrive at Columbia.......6 10 A M
Leave Columbia.......10.00 P M
Leave C. C. & A. Junction.......10 20 P M
Leave Florence at.......1.53 A M
Arrive at Wilmington.......6.20 A M

Night Mail and Passenger train, Daily, No 40 West, and Day Mail and Passenger Train, No 42 East.

Leave Wilmington.......11.10 P. M
Arrive at Florence.......3 47 A. M
Leave Florence.......1.25 P. M
Arrive at Wilmington.......5 55 P M

Nos. 48 and 47 stops only at Brinkley's Whiteville, Flemington, Fair Bluff, Marion, Florence, Timmonsville, Sumter, Camden Junction and Eastover.

Passengers for Columbia, and all points on G. & C. R. R., C., C. & A. R. R. Stations, Aiken Junction, and all points beyond, should take No. 48 Night Express.

Separate Pullman Sleepers for Charleston and for Augusta on trains 48 and 47.

All trains run solid between Charleston and Wilmington.

JOHN F. DIVINE,
General Sup't.
A. POPE, Gen'l Passenger Agent,
april 2-tf

THE NEW FURNITURE STORE OF

Behrends & Munroe

S. E. Cor. Market & Second Streets,
WILMINGTON, N. C.

Would respectfully call the attention of Purchasers of Furniture to their stock of parlor, Chamber, Marble Top Library and Dining Furniture, Wardrobes, Lounges, Side Boards, mattresses, Carpets, &c., which [illegible] in the State, to be sold at wholesale and retail at lowest prices. Cash buyers [illegible]
dec 18 [illegible]

NORTH CAROLINA HOUSE,

J. D. STELLINGS, PROPRIETOR.

CORNER SECOND AND PRINCESS STREETS.

CHEERFUL as usual. [illegible]

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

CAUTION

WOLFE'S

Schiedam

Aromatic

SCHNAPPS.

IT HAVING BEEN BROUGHT TO OUR attention that imitations of our article are being sold in this market, notice is hereby given to all [illegible] may concer[illegible] vending of any article, with any [illegible]tions of trade marks above described, will be prosecuted under a recent act of the U. S. Congress.

UDOLPHO WOLFE'S SONS & CO.
[illegible]

PROSPECTUS.

THE WILMINGTON POST FOR 1882,

With its Exceedingly Large Subscription LIST is the Best

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Published in the Second and Third Congressional Districts.

It reaches all classes of the people,

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COLOR OR NATIVITY.

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in North Carolina.

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